

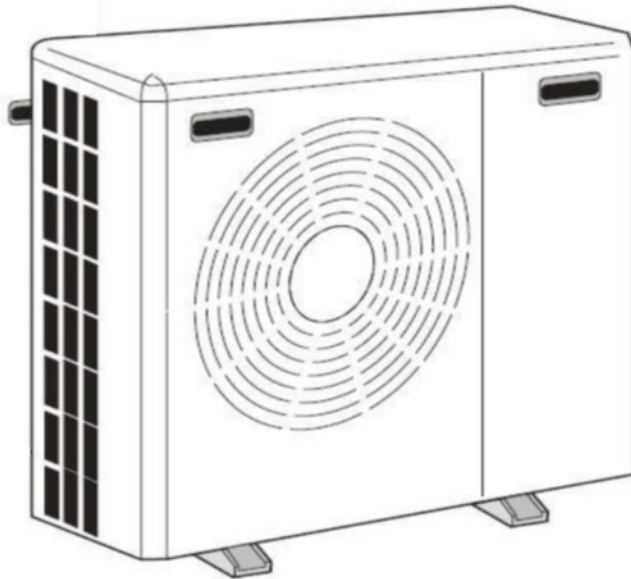
DC INVERTER

AIR TO WATER HEAT PUMP

For Use with units (with serial number beginning as CX35)

(If unsure, contact Chiltrix technical support dept. with the serial number)

Installation and Operation Manual CX35-1 Options for Heating, Cooling and Domestic Hot Water



PLEASE REVIEW ENTIRE MANUAL BEFORE PROCEEDING

**PLEASE SUBMIT SYSTEM DRAWING & SCHEDULE A COMMISSIONING
CALL BEFORE STARTING THE UNIT**

Cx35-1 Version 1.3

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IMPORTANT NOTE – MAKE SURE TO PROVIDE YOUR DESIGN DRAWING FOR APPROVAL BEFORE GETTING STARTED, INCLUDING DESIRED OPERATING TEMPERATURES.

Safety Precautions

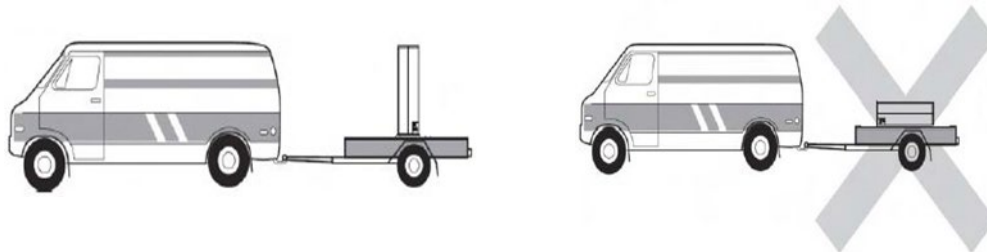
NOTE: It is required to read the Safety precautions in detail before operation. The precautions listed below are very important for safety, please follow all safety precautions.

General

- Make sure that the ground wire in the building is securely connected to earth.
- Wiring tasks should be carried out by qualified electricians only, in addition, they should check the safety conditions of power utilization, for example, verify that the line capacity is adequate, and the power cable isn't damaged.
- Users must not install, repair or relocate the unit. Improper procedures might lead to accidents e.g. personal injury caused by fire, electrical shock or unit's falling off its base, and water leaking into the machine. Please contact a professional service department if problems arise.
- The unit shall not be installed at a spot with the potential hazard of leaking flammable gas. If gas is leaking near the machine, there might be the risk of explosion.
- Make sure that the foundation of the unit is stable. If the foundation is unstable, the outdoor unit may come loose from its base and cause injury.
- Make sure that the GFCI installed at the service panel is working properly to avoid shock or fires.
- If any abnormality occurs in the unit (such as a burning smell is noticed inside the unit), cut off the power supply immediately, and contact a professional service department.
- Please observe the follow items when cleaning the unit. Before cleaning, shut off the electric supply of the unit first to avoid injuries caused by the fan operation.
- Do not rinse the unit with water because the rinsed unit may cause electric shock.
- Make sure to shut off the electric supply before maintaining the unit.
- Please do not insert fingers or sticks into air outlet or air inlet.

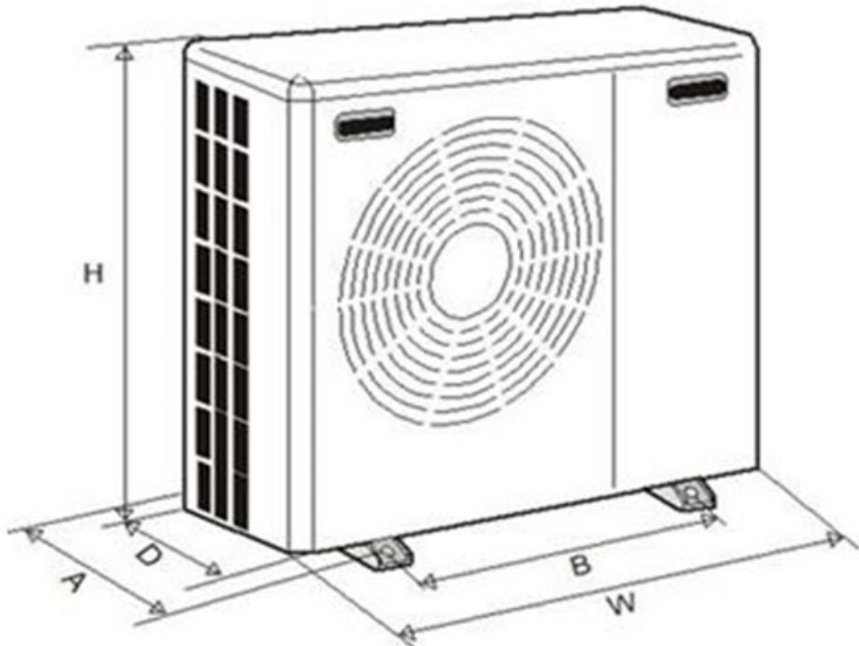
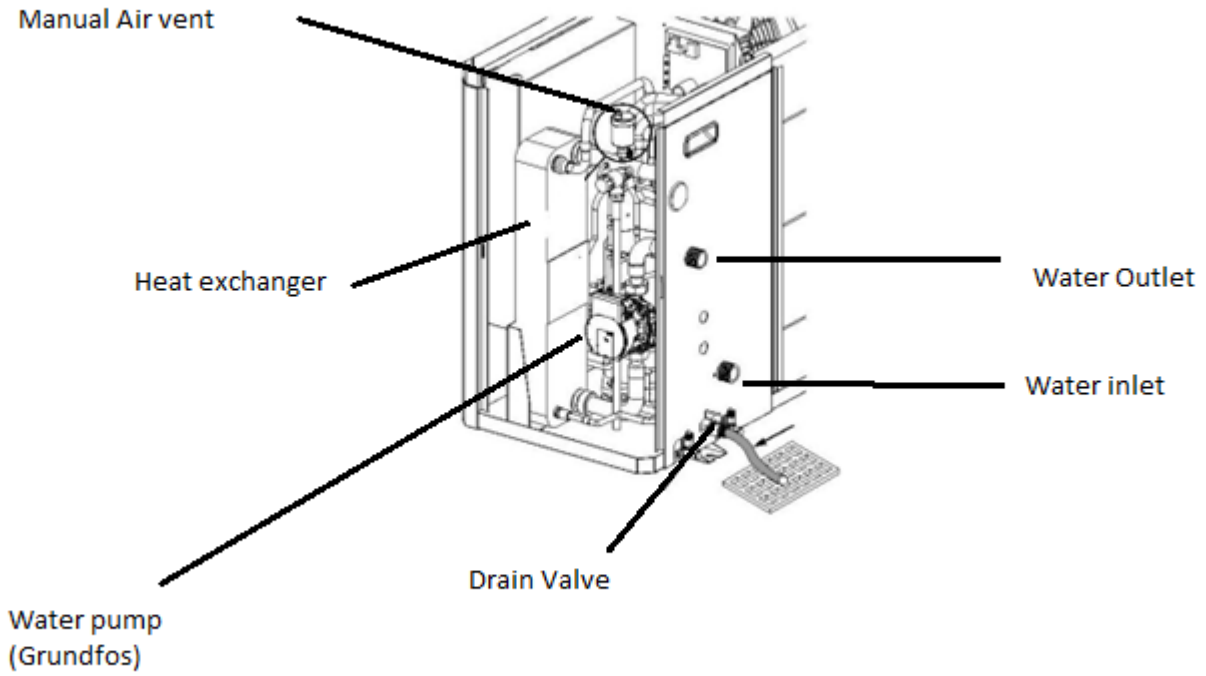
Transporting and storage

The machine must be transported and stored vertically at all times



IMPORTANT: Please refer to ALL of the appropriate documents for your system including V18 Manual, Tank Manual, etc. PLEASE SEE THE DOCUMENTS PAGE HERE <https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/>

CX35 Components



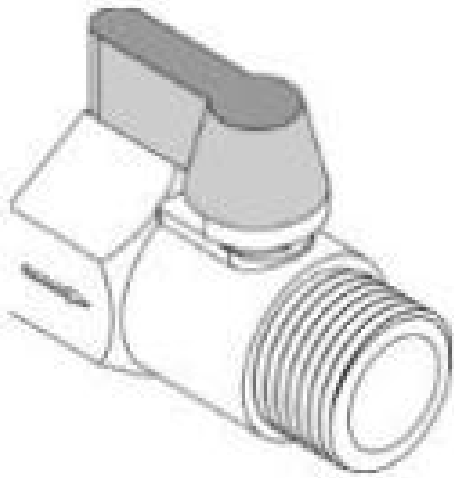
| | |
|---|--------|
| W | 44" |
| D | 16.75" |
| H | 38" |
| A | 17.5" |
| B | 29.5" |

CX35 Components

Ball Valve

Located in the chiller (taped to on of the compressor legs) is a small ball valve used to drain the unit to service the pump or any other internal parts.

NOTE: You must install this valve or else the unit will leak when filled with water/glycol! Make sure you use Teflon tape on the threads.



Hydronic Piping and Design Guide

Installation Methods Heating and Cooling (Heating Shown)

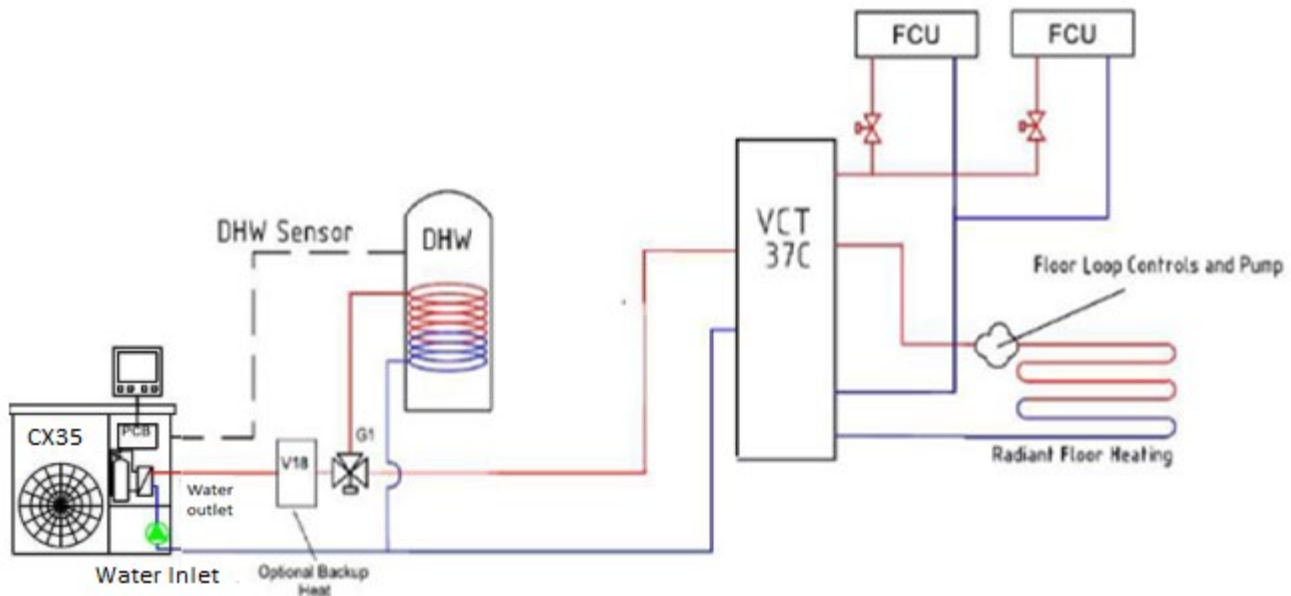
See Design Guide Here
<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/chiller-options.pdf>

**PLEASE ALWAYS SUBMIT YOUR DESIGN TO
 CHILTRIX FOR APPROVAL**

Note: Primary Secondary Piping or Closely Spaced Tees are NOT supported or recommended for use with this heat pump on the supply-side of the buffer tank, or anywhere in a system without a buffer tank.

A buffer tank must be used for radiant heating. A multi-port buffer tank such as VCT37 should be used to combine multiple heat pumps. Please do not try to balance multiple cx35 units with equal-piping or reverse return design. It will not work as expected due to having multiple variable speed pumps.

An “additional volume” tank must be used when there is no buffer tank and there is less than 15 gallons of total system fluid volume.



Minimum pipe size should be no less than 1”, CPVC or Oxygen Barrier PEX, reverse return piping is preferable to assist balancing. Reverse-return will not fully balance multiple chillers as the variable speed pumps may not always operate at the same speed. The installer should calculate the pipe and fitting resistance to determine the head pressure. See the examples on the following pages, maximum water flow for the cx35 is 6-7.5 gpm, design flow is 5.2 gpm. If necessary, a second Chiltrix-provided PWM pump may be added to the loop and controlled by the cx35. The second water pump connections are always in series with the internal pump. The loop example above shows a fully involved system, your system may be far more simple. The above shows a single heat pump, with inline dynamic/variable backup, domestic hot water, a buffer tank, serving radiant and fan coil/AHU units. Chiltrix is always available to provide a free custom design, we encourage you to let us do this for you. An air discharge valve should be installed at the top of the circulation system, if possible, for easy air discharge. As an alternative an automatic/manual air vent can be used inline before the pumps.

Always install a water filter or wye strainer on the return side pipe before it enters the heat pump to prevent blockage of the heat exchanger or pump/flow meter problems. A blocked heat exchanger can be a costly problem and is not covered by warranty so make sure to use a filter.

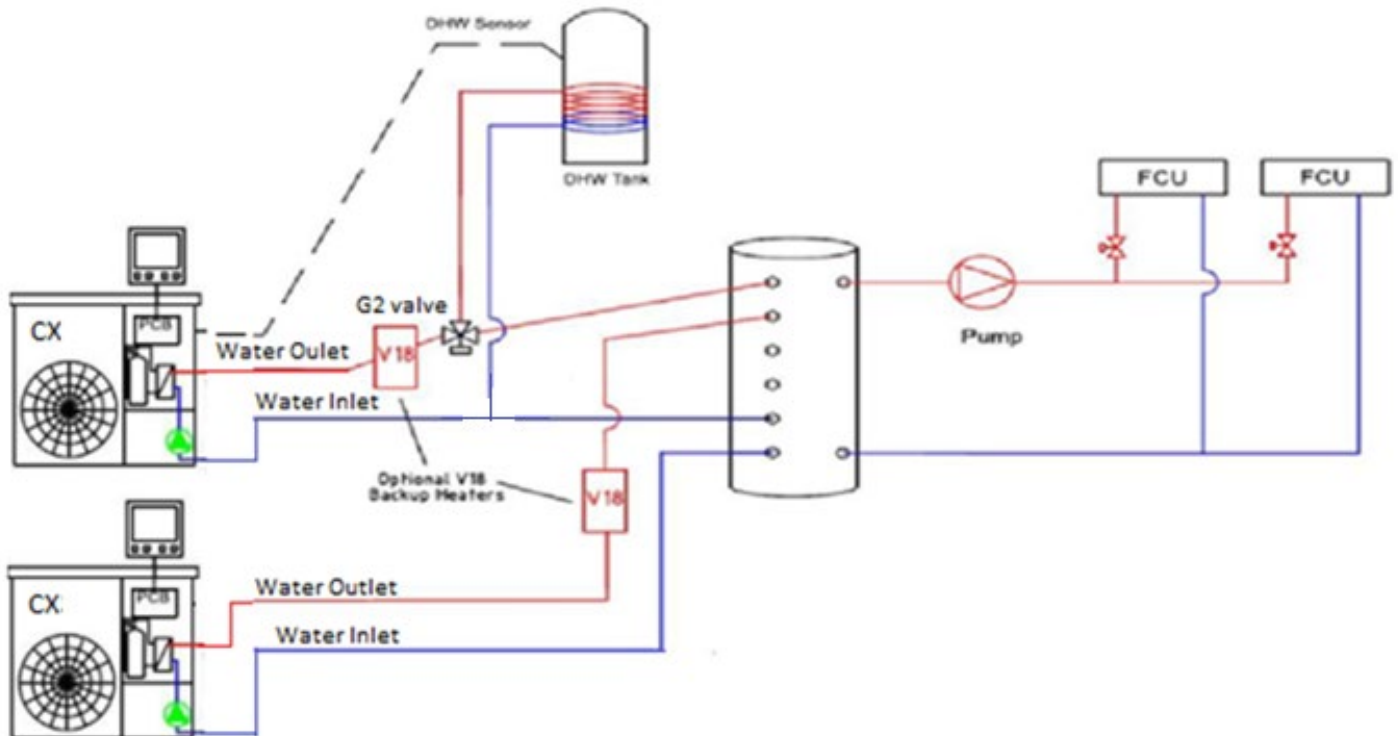
Do not use CPVC if glycol percentage will be above 25%. Do not use PVC.

Piping Examples: Stacked Heat Pumps

Preferred Method For 2 or 3 Units:

See Design Guide Here
<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/chiller-options.pdf>

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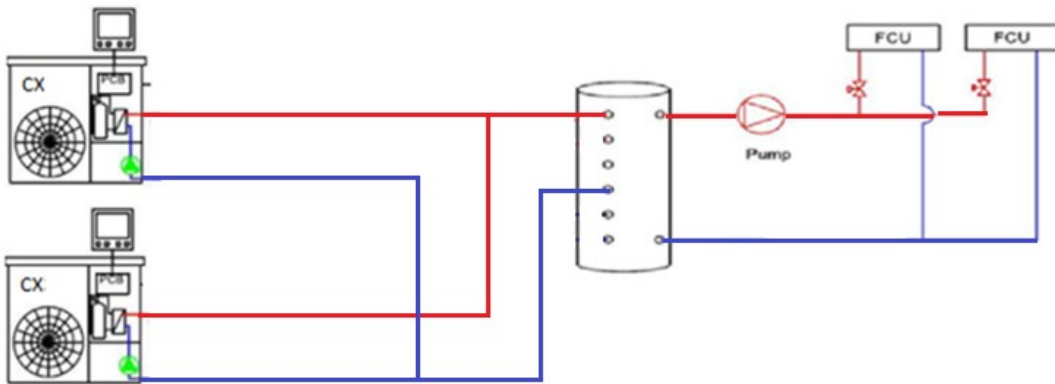
NOTE about fittings: All Chiltrix V18, tanks, etc., have stainless steel fittings. It is difficult to connect stainless to stainless, we suggest to use brass fittings for all connections.

PLEASE SEND YOUR PROPOSED FINAL DESIGN TO CHILTRIX SUPPORT DEPARTMENT FOR APPROVAL, COMMENTS, AND SUGGESTIONS

Piping Examples: Stacked Heat Pumps

Don't Use Primary/Secondary, Manifolds, or Closely Spaced Tees on the supply side to combine multiple outdoor units. Use a Chiltrix multiport buffer tank (VCT37 or VCT60).

DO NOT PIPE CHILLERS THIS WAY. ALL CHILLERS MUST BE "HOME RUN" TO THE BUFFER TANK.

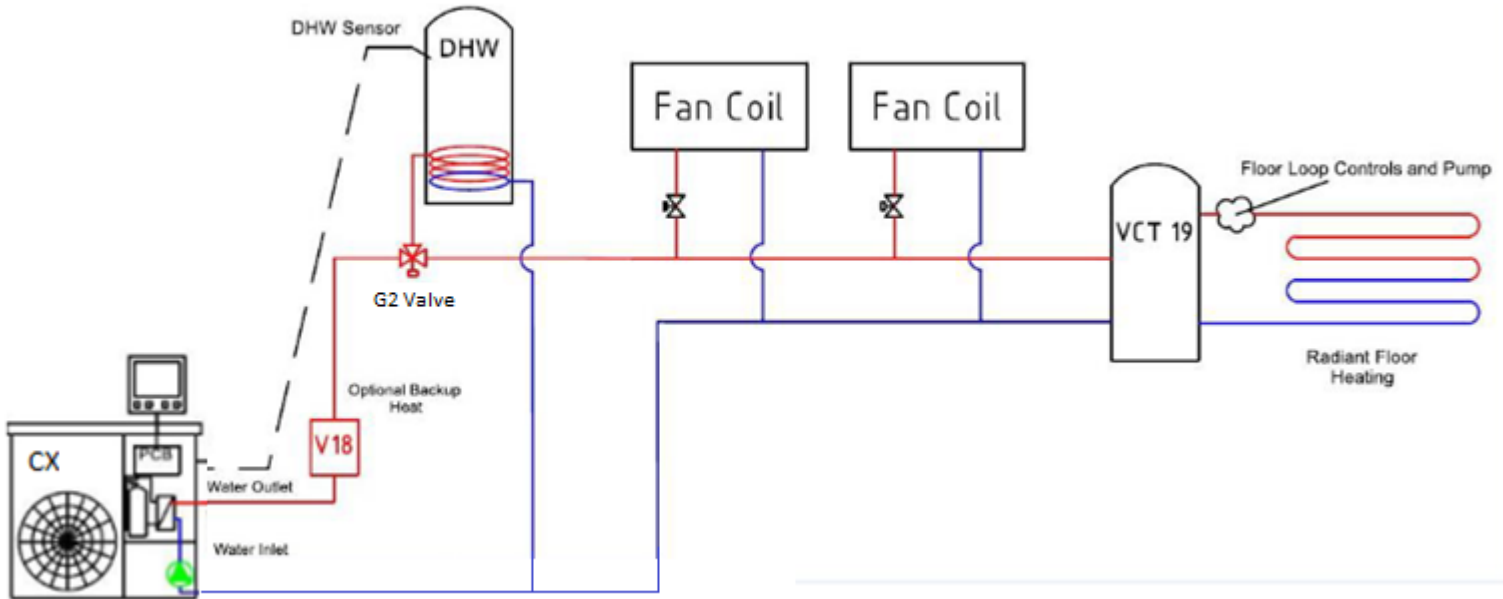


Example of what NOT to do.

Piping Examples

See Design Guide Here
<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/chiller-options.pdf>

**PLEASE ALWAYS SUBMIT YOUR DESIGN TO
CHILTRIX FOR APPROVAL**



Note: The above design should not be used for more than 2x fan coil/AHU units totaling ≤ 12 kbtu capacity. Otherwise, consider using a VCT37 tank and locating the fan coil/AHU units on the load side of a buffer tank.

PLEASE SEND YOUR PROPOSED FINAL DESIGN TO CHILTRIX SUPPORT DEPARTMENT FOR APPROVAL, COMMENTS, AND SUGGESTIONS

Pipe Insulation

All loop piping must be insulated per local and national mechanical codes. Any piping in a system with chilled water (used for cooling) must also be sealed vapor tight to prevent condensate issues. For design tips and a thickness calculator please visit

<https://www.armacell.us/productselector/insulation/>

Using a Buffer Tank w/ Radiant

Example below shows optional DHW, optional V18 backup heater, and radiant. The radiant is attached to the load side of a buffer tank.

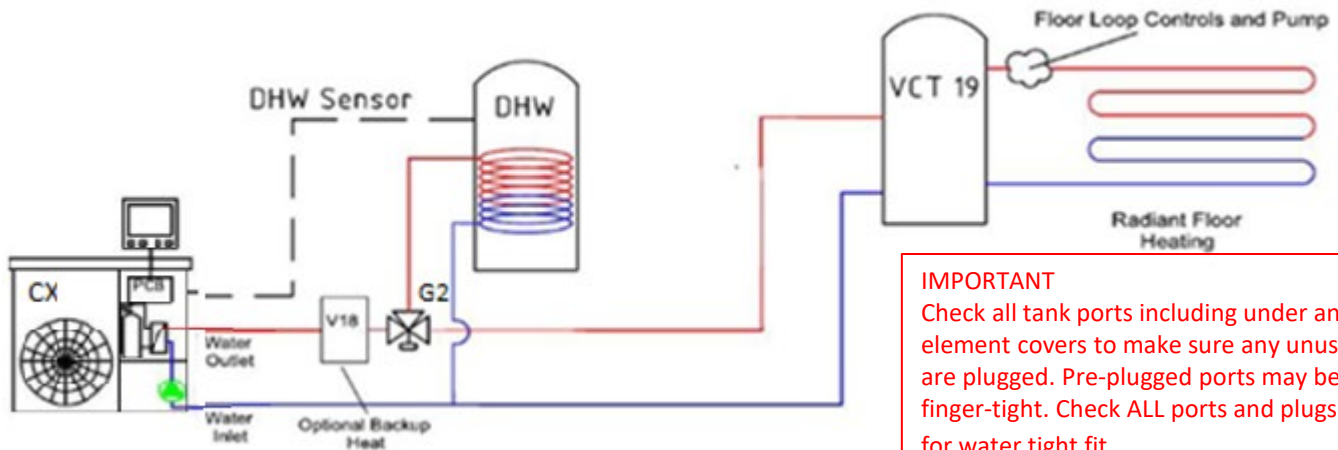
If a radiant system is to be used for cooling, please review this page <https://www.chiltrix.com/radiant-cooling/> and contact Chiltrix for assistance in evaluating your application and for design assistance.

For V18b information please see the V18b Manual available on the Chiltrix website documents page.

For DHW or buffer tank installation information see the Chiltrix Tank Manual.

See Design Guide Here
<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/chiller-options.pdf>

**PLEASE ALWAYS SUBMIT YOUR DESIGN TO
 CHILTRIX FOR APPROVAL**



IMPORTANT
 Check all tank ports including under any element covers to make sure any unused ports are plugged. Pre-plugged ports may be only finger-tight. Check ALL ports and plugs for water tight fit.

Primary / secondary piping is not supported, when connecting to a floor heating loop always use a buffer tank. Buffer tanks are not always needed (except for radiant they are always needed) with the Chiltrix system, buffer tank is needed to combine multiple heat pump outdoor units, but are still always recommended to improve performance.

IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT BACKUP HEAT

Do not ever use heating elements in a buffer tanks for backup heat. The element capabilities of the buffer tank are provided for emergency heat only. Not “backup” heat. Contact Chiltrix with any questions about emergency or backup heat options. See details in the Chiltrix Tank Manual.

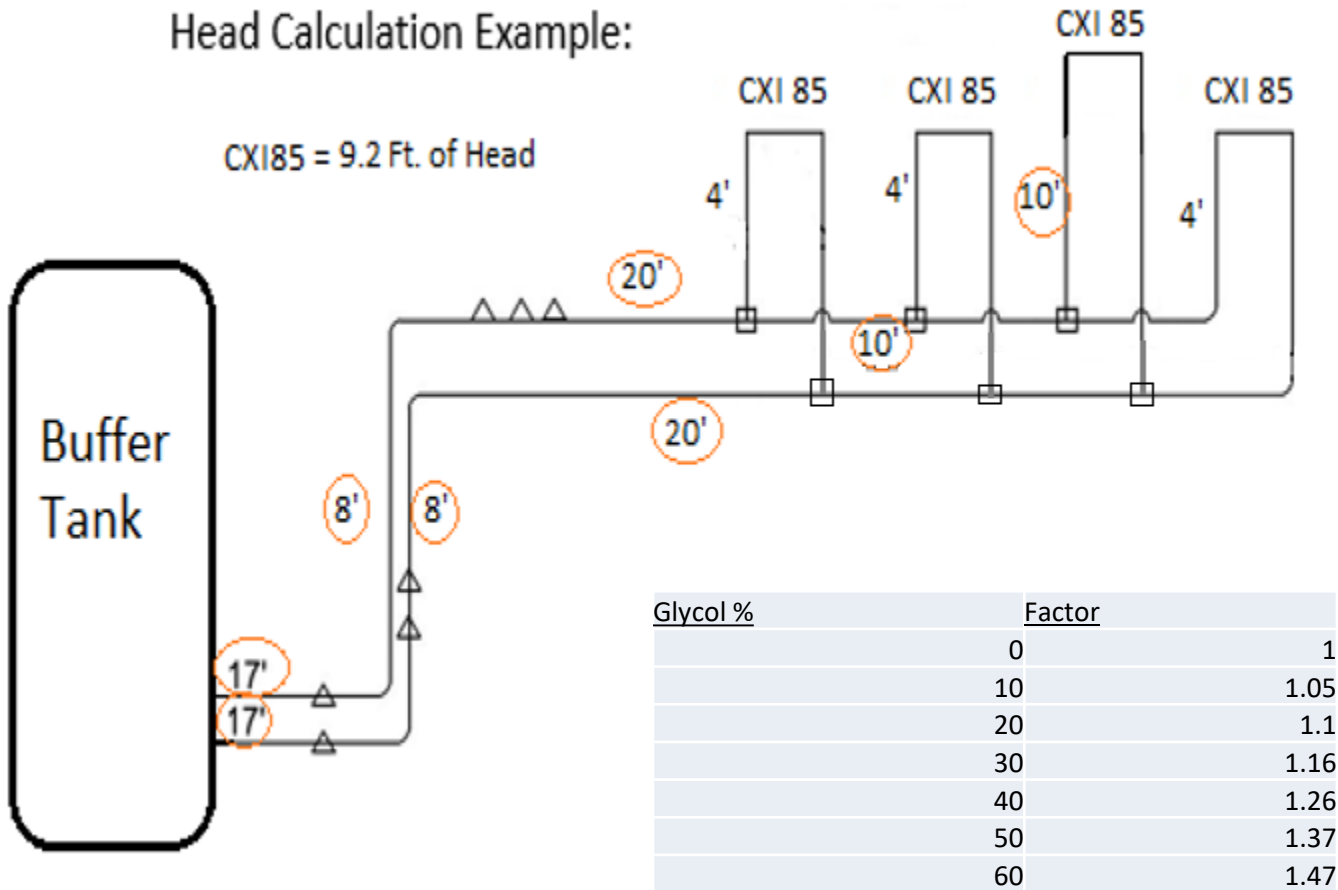
The radiant loop pump in the buffer tank drawing is controlled by the customer’s radiant controller. The buffer tank isolates the Chiltrix internal pump from other pumps, and in the case of multiple heat pumps, from each other - providing hydraulic separation and thermal buffering.

A 19(or37) gallon buffer tank is used generally for best performance with a single cx35. 30-50 gallons is used for systems of two or three cx35s, and a VCT37 or VCT60 is always used when multiple cx35s are to be combined.

See more designs here:

<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/chiller-options.pdf>

Head Calculation Example:



To calculate the head pressure for the correct water flow, the pipe length must be measured and all fittings counted. It is advisable to use flexible red oxygen barrier PEX piping and route it so as to avoid as many elbows as possible.

All fittings have an equivalent length of pipe already calculated, available on the next page under PEX Fittings Pressure Drops.

All measurements in feet

6 Tees @ 2.3ft. Of pipe = **13.8** ft. of pipe

7 Couplings @ 1.3 ft. of pipe = **11.7** ft. of Pipe

120' of actual Pex Pipe

145.5' of Pex @ 7 GPM and 10% Propylene Glycol

$1.455' \times 2.89(\text{ft of head per 100ft}) \times 1.05(\text{glycol factor}) = \mathbf{10.15}$ ft of Head per length of pipe based on frictional losses

CXI 85 Fan Coils = **9.2** ft. of Head

Total Head = 9.2ft + 10.15ft = **19.35 ft.**

Head Calculations - Continued:

The previously shown example loop has a volume of 4.5 gallons. The internal thermal expansion tank is 2 liters or .52 Gallons. The volume of the cx35 is 4.5 liters. An additional thermal expansion tank is likely required for larger loops. There are many thermal expansion calculators on the internet, the following is an example.

<http://westank.com/calculator/>

Minimum loop pressure is 14.5 psi, maximum pressure is 43.5 psi, and ideal pressure is 29 psi. The lowest temperature is 44°F, the highest temperature is 131°F, the Initial pressure is 14.5 psi, and the final pressure is 29 psi.

A microbubble air separator should be installed in the loop preferably in the higher part of the loop to remove any air in the circulation loop. Always install a water filter or wye strainer on the supply pipe to the chiller to prevent blockage of the heat exchanger or damage to flow meter.

| Nominal size | OD | Wall thickness | ID | Volume gal/100' |
|--------------|-------|----------------|-------|-----------------|
| 3/8" | 0.500 | 0.070 | 0.350 | 0.50 |
| 1/2" | 0.625 | 0.070 | 0.475 | 0.92 |
| 5/8" | 0.750 | 0.083 | 0.574 | 1.34 |
| 3/4" | 0.875 | 0.097 | 0.677 | 1.83 |
| 1" | 1.125 | 0.125 | 0.863 | 3.03 |



WYE STRAINER (from supplyHouse.com)

THE WYE STRAINER SHOULD BE CLEANED OUT AFTER 1-2 DAYS OF OPERATION TO REMOVE ANY COLLECTED DEBRIS REMAINING FROM INSTALLATION



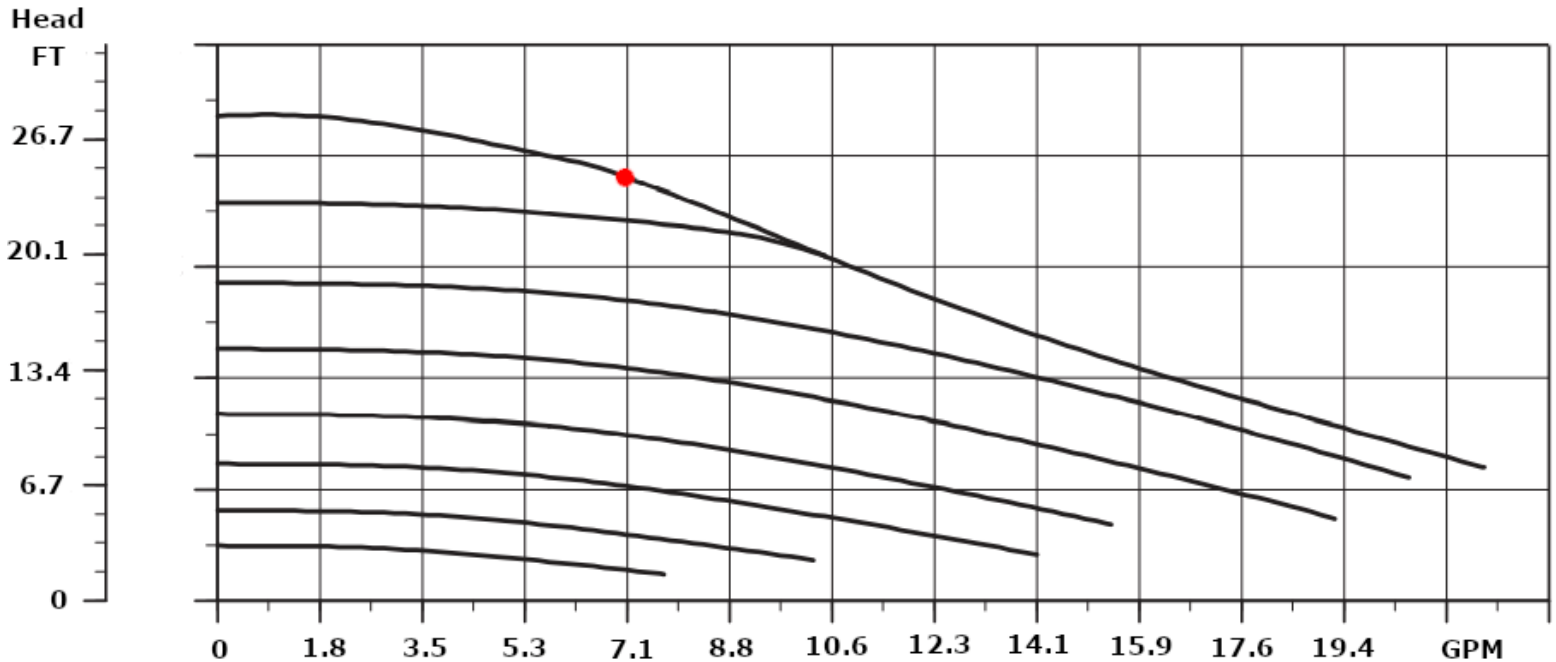
Watts AS-MB
Microbubble Air Separator

PEX Brass Crimp Fittings

Friction Loss - Equivalent Feet of PEX Tubing

| Size | Coupling | Elbow | Tee Run | Tee Branch |
|------|----------|-------|---------|------------|
| 3/8" | 2.9 | 9.2 | 2.9 | 9.4 |
| 1/2" | 2.0 | 9.4 | 2.2 | 10.4 |
| 3/4" | 0.6 | 9.4 | 1.9 | 8.9 |
| 1" | 1.3 | 10.0 | 2.3 | 11.0 |

GRUNDFOS UPMM 15/25-95 230V PWM



This is the Grundfos pump head curve for Chiltrix CX35.

Note, the CX35 itself has 4.5ft of head.

This leaves about 19 ft of head net of the chiller.

Below is a chart to multiply head loss based on glycol percentage. Multiply the ft. of head available according to the chart above by the factor below, based on the amount of glycol in your system.

| Glycol % | Pump Head Derate Factor |
|----------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 1 |
| 10 | .95 |
| 20 | .91 |
| 30 | .86 |
| 40 | .79 |
| 50 | .73 |
| 60 | .68 |

Glycol

While not always required, customers in colder climates that are subject to occasional freezing should add an appropriate percentage of food-grade propylene glycol to the system. NEVER USE ETHYLENE GLYCOL. Ethylene Glycol is a poison. Propylene Glycol is a non-toxic anti-freeze also used in food, cosmetics, etc. and can safely be used. **IF YOU ARE IN AN AREA THAT MAY HAVE <32 °F WEATHER YOU SHOULD CONSIDER GLYCOL. FREEZE DAMAGE IS NOT COVERED UNDER WARRANTY.**

Food-Grade Glycol is available at Home Depot and other retailers. You may also consider HSE Corn Glycol (Biodegradable Food-Grade Glycol made From Corn)
<https://www.hotspotenergy.com/corn-glycol/>

Below is a Freeze Point Chart For Propylene Glycol Mixed w/ Water

| | | Freezing Point | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Propylene Glycol Solution (%) | <i>by mass</i> | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| | <i>by volume</i> | 0 | 10 | 19 | 29 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| Temperature | °F | 32 | 26 | 18 | 7 | -8 | -29 | -55 |
| | °C | 0 | -3 | -8 | -14 | -22 | -34 | -48 |

Flow Rates

Required flow rate changes with the glycol %.

Note the “500” formula water factors are adjusted as follows (based on 2,3 tons capacity):

00% glycol use $500 \frac{24,000}{500/10}=4.8$ GPM
 10% glycol use $494 \frac{24,000}{494/10}=4.85$ GPM
 20% glycol use $488 \frac{24,000}{488/10}=4.91$ GPM
 30% glycol use $480 \frac{24,000}{480/10}=5.00$ GPM
 40% glycol use $463 \frac{24,000}{463/10}=5.18$ GPM
 50% glycol use $442 \frac{24,000}{442/10}=5.43$ GPM

00% glycol use $500 \frac{36,000}{500/10}=7.42$ GPM
 10% glycol use $494 \frac{36,000}{494/10}=7.28$ GPM
 20% glycol use $488 \frac{36,000}{488/10}=7.37$ GPM
 30% glycol use $480 \frac{36,000}{480/10}=7.50$ GPM
 40% glycol use $463 \frac{36,000}{463/10}=7.77$ GPM
 50% glycol use $442 \frac{36,000}{442/10}=8.14$ GPM

NOTE:

When using **CPVC piping** it is highly recommended that you do not exceed a 25% glycol to water ratio. Environmental Stress Cracking, also referred to as ESC, may occur. Do NOT use PVC piping.

Example:

Based on load calculations a given system needs to deliver a maximum of 31,000 BTU with 30% glycol:
 $31,000/480/10=6.46$ GPM
 (BTU/water factor=required flow rate)

Minimum pump operating speed can be set at P53, minimum speed setting used should not produce a flow rate in your system of less than 9 L/min and generally should not be set lower than 40%. Pump speed can be monitored at C48, 2 is lowest (idle, when compressor off) and 10 is highest speed. Actual water flow can be monitored on the desktop and at C13, liters per minute. **Test at full pump speed.** 1 L/min = .264 GPM // 1 GPM = 3.78 L/min

Chiltrix Heat Pump Installation

Heat Pump Installation

Installation position

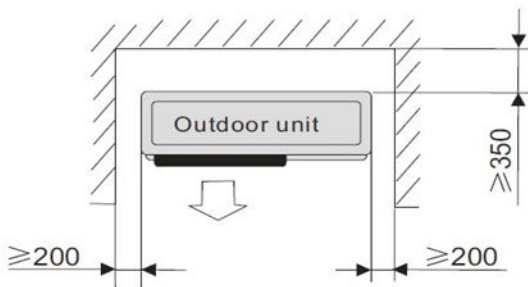
Note: Installation must be carried out by professional personnel.

The recommended mounting pad should be at least 1 ½” above ground level. If you are in an area where snow occurs, mount the unit high enough above grade to avoid blockage by drifting snow. You can consider a properly rated wall mount if desired.

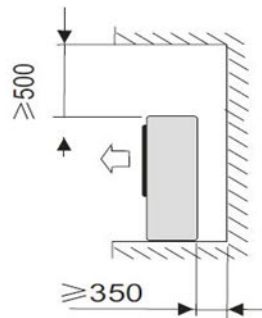
Proper drainage is required at the heat pump unit to avoid flooding the outdoor unit with water or ice. Make sure condensate has a way to rapidly and completely drain away from the unit.

To install the unit on a balcony or on top of a building, the installation site must meet the allowable load bearing capacity of the building structure without affecting the structural safety. Ensure the unit is well ventilated; the direction of air exhaust should be kept away from the windows of neighboring buildings. Adequate service clearance should be kept around the unit. The unit should not be installed in places accompanied with oil, inflammable gases; corrosive components e.g. sulfur compound, or high-frequency equipment.

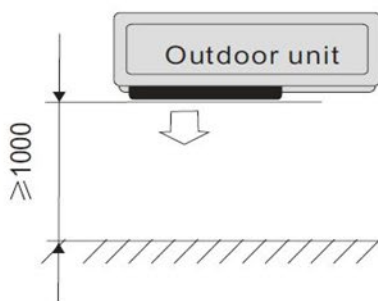
No obstacle in front of the unit



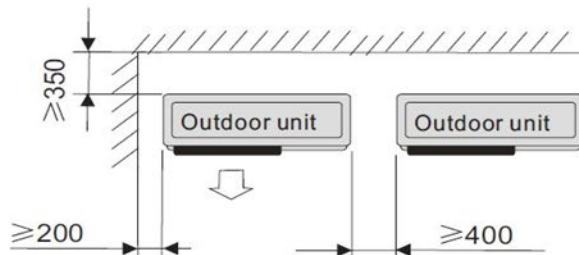
Obstacle above the unit



Obstacle in front of the unit



Several units in a row

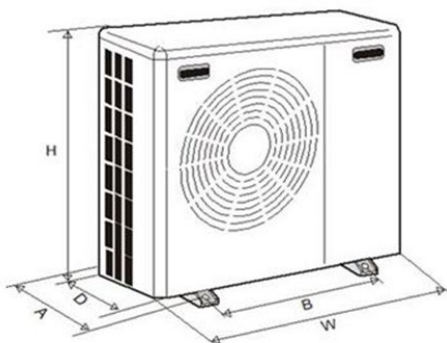


ices

(Unit: mm) 200mm = 8” , 350mm =14 “,
400=16”, 500=20”,600 = 24”,1000=40”

More about Location:

You don’t want it in a “pit” or enclosed area where air flow could be impaired or where fan output could be prevented from rising away in summer, or could stratify cold output in the heating season and cause an artificial drop in ambient temp.



| | |
|---|--------|
| W | 44” |
| D | 16.75” |
| H | 38” |
| A | 17.5” |
| B | 29.5” |

Chiltrix Heat Pump Installation

NOTE: The cx35 is shipped with the pump in a separate box attached to the top of the chiller. Please follow the directions below to install the "C4" Grundfos internal pump.

There is a factory installed spacer that is to be removed.

Internal Pump Installation (Also see wiring notes on page 64)

(Remove Top, Front, and Right Side Covers) **DO NOT BEND OR STRESS THE PIPING**, this may cause a broken joint or leak where it joins the heat exchanger. Cut the insulation and peel it back out of the way of the flange nuts. This will allow installation of the pump without bending either of the pipes. The pump will slide in between the pipes with the washers.



Peel back the insulation



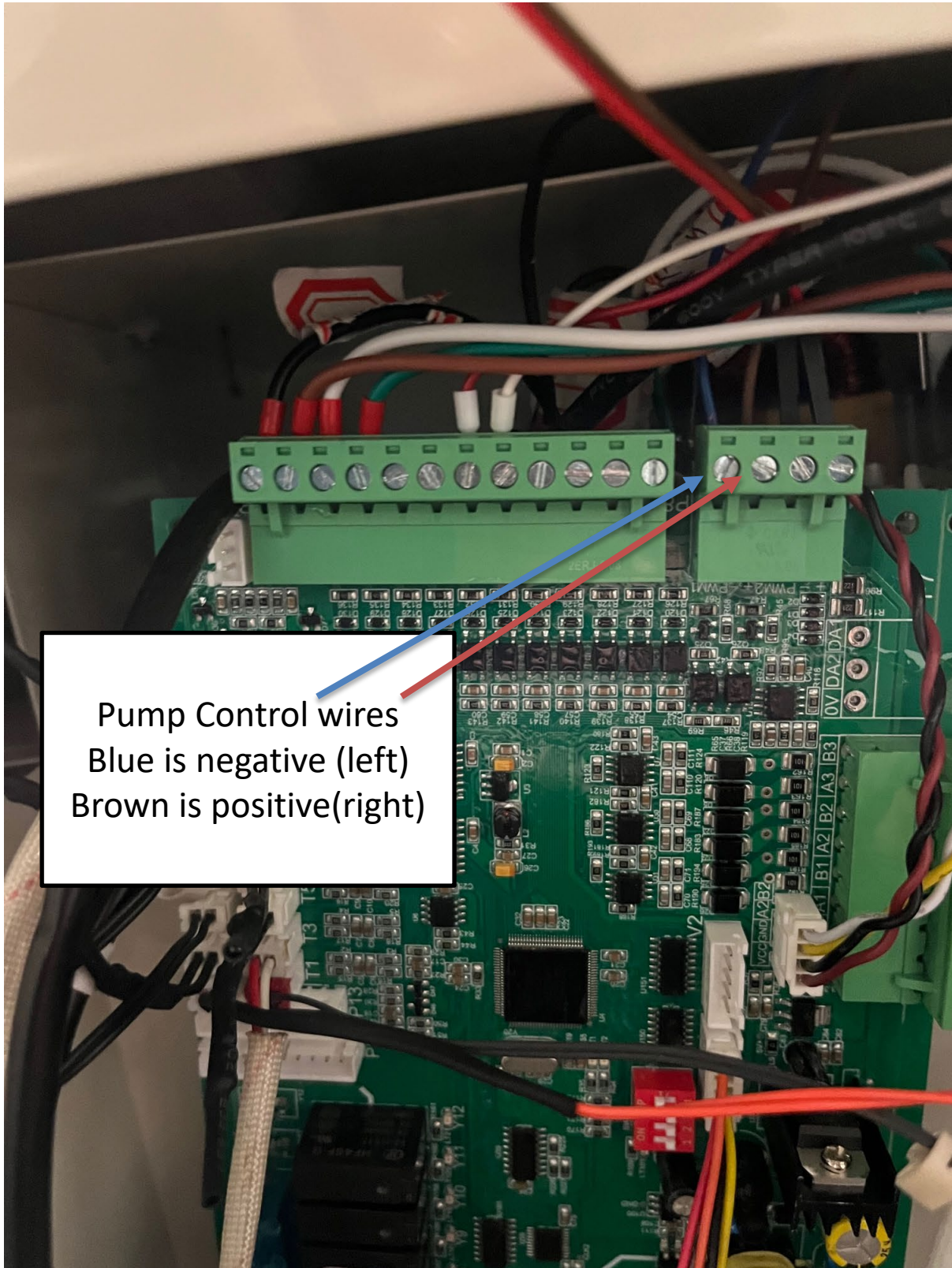
Removing the shipping spacer



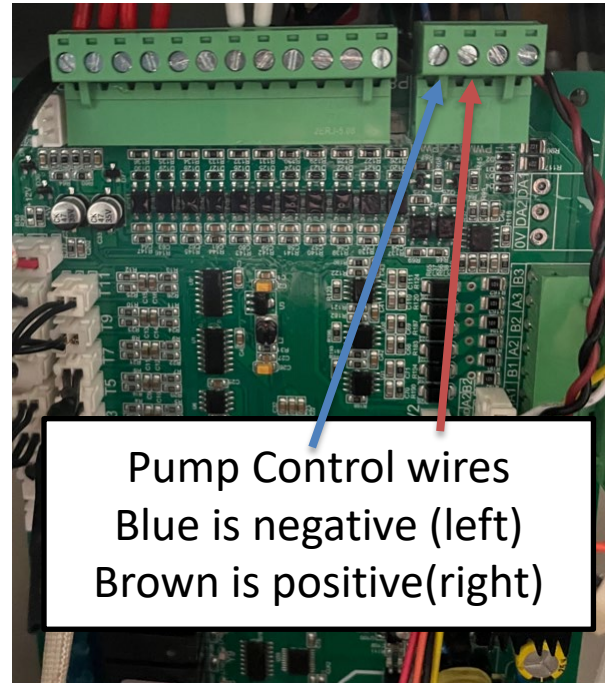
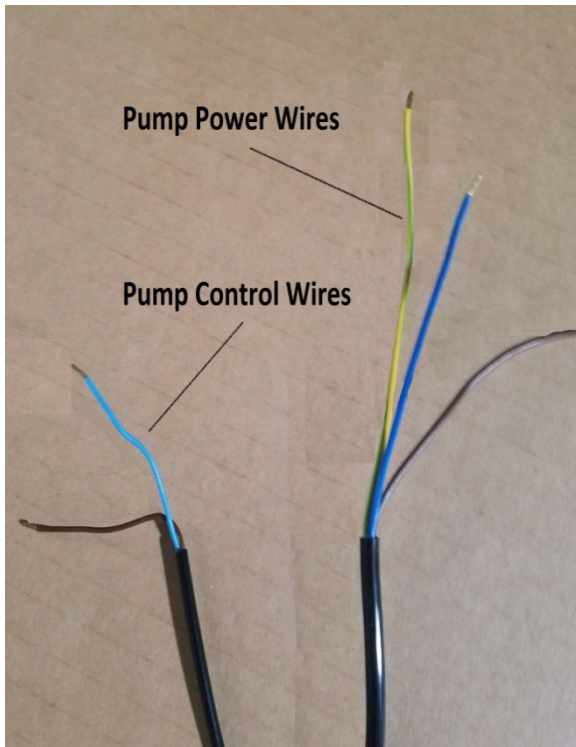
If you have ordered a special pump, for example a stainless steel model that is to be installed outside of the Chiltrix cabinet, leave the spacer intact (but check to make sure it is tight as it may only be finger-tight from factory).

Note the orientation of the arrow on the pump body, this arrow must point upwards.

Internal Pump Wiring



Pump Control wires
Blue is negative (left)
Brown is positive(right)



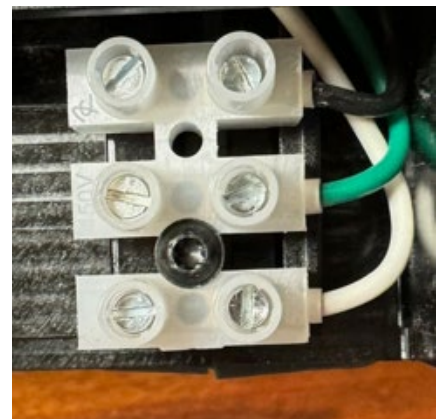
The blue and brown pump **CONTROL WIRES** are connected to the (+ & -) on the Pump PWM terminal connector at the top of the main control pcb.



Pump **POWER** wires



Pump **GROUND** wire.



Pump Power (pump)

Note- CX35 UPMM pump ships with control cable and a plastic bag that includes the electrical box cover/screw and the gaskets. This pump does not ship with the power cable which is to be supplied by the installer. At pump, white and black connect to CX35 C4L and L2, green yellow is frame ground. See [Grundfos Pump Wiring](#) supplement on page 64 for more info.

Stainless Steel Pumps

Option: if the chiller was ordered with a stainless steel pump labeled “Taco Comfort Solutions 0026e” then the pump control logic will need to be changed using parameter P23. If you have the stainless steel pump “0026e”, set parameter P23 to “1”. This pump will be placed external of the cx35. The Taco Pump 0026e will also be placed outside of the unit but P23 will remain “0”. Otherwise if you got the factory style pump that threads into the unit as shown above then leave P23 “0”.



Note: The stainless steel pumps will also come with a flange kit. If you order the 0026e (cx35) the flange threads are 1” NPT. If you order the 0034e(cx50) then the flange threads are 1-1/4” NPT.



Electrical Connection

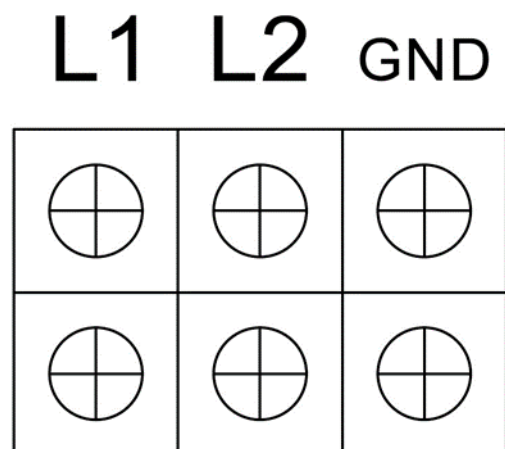
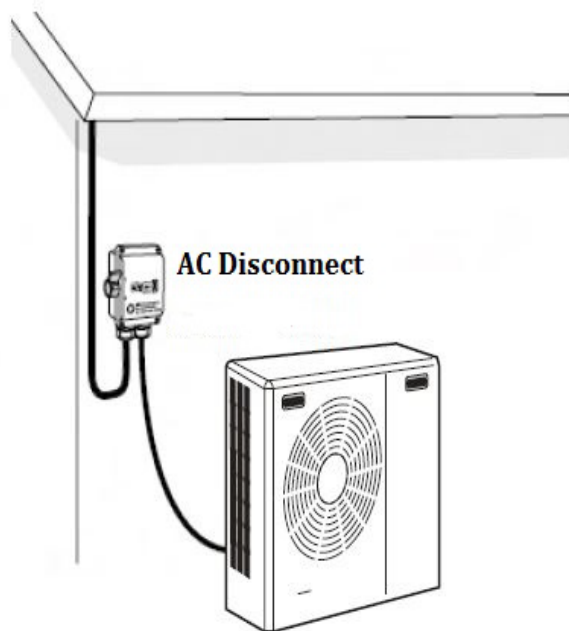
General

Note!

Electrical installation and service must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician. Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with the NEC.

The heat pump must be connected under the supervision of a qualified electrician. Wires, spare parts and materials etc. must satisfy the relevant standards and codes issued by the host country or region. The heat pump does not include an AC disconnect or switch on the incoming electrical supply which will be required. The power supply cable must be connected to a circuit-breaker with at least a 3 mm breaking gap. Incoming supply must comply with the technical requirements, with a frame ground wire (neutral is not used), via a distribution box with breakers. **Allowed Voltage range is 208-240vac. Maximum wire size must be suitable to your code and meet NEC requirements, breaker size is 20 AMP, for the cx35.**

It is the responsibility of the customer to provide clean power, 208-245v 1P 60Hz without power surges. It is advisable to add surge suppression with transient voltage protection to the circuit powering the heat pump. Clamping voltage of the device should be less than 400v.

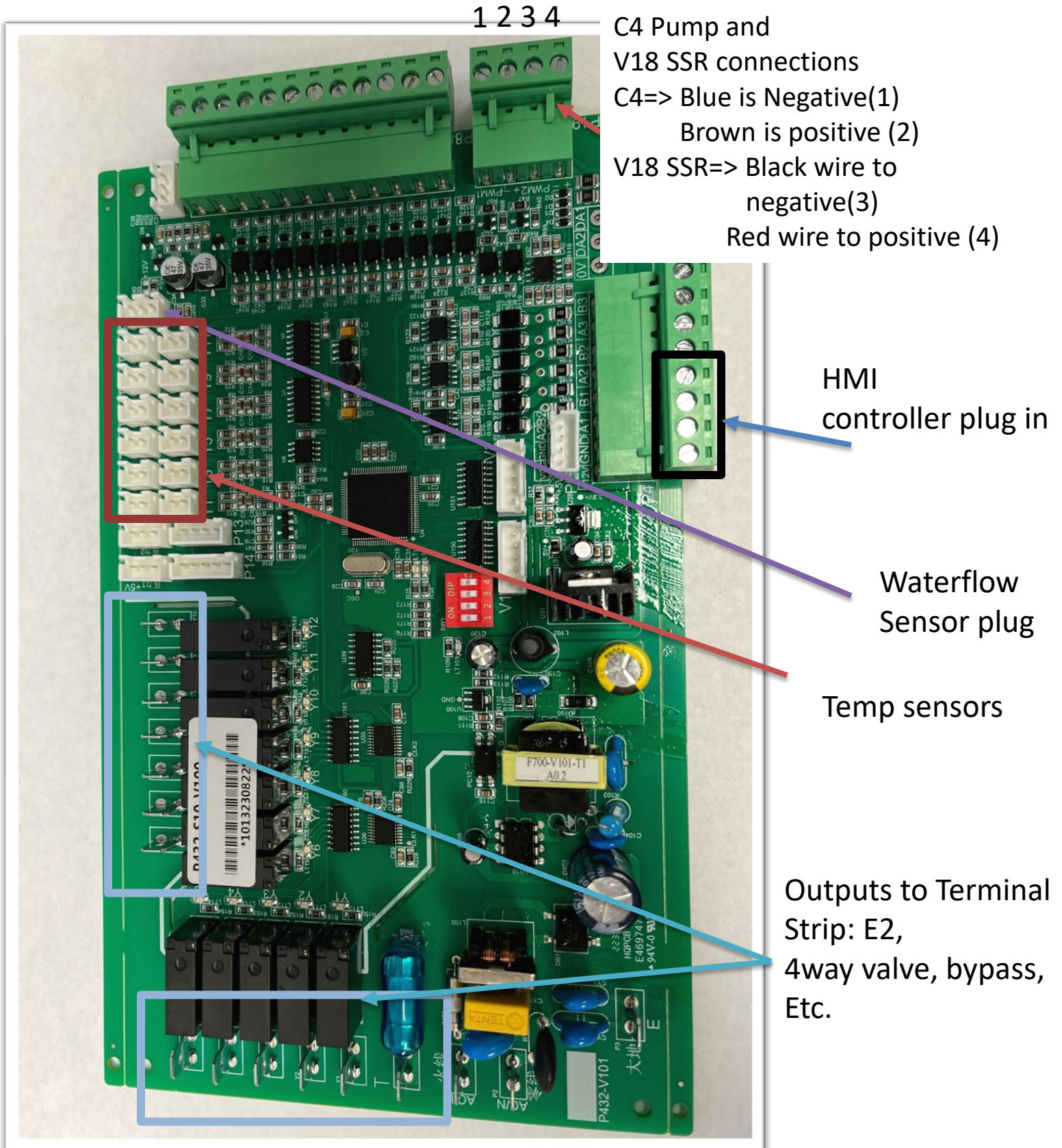


Main terminal block inside electronics box

Example MOV transient voltage suppressor

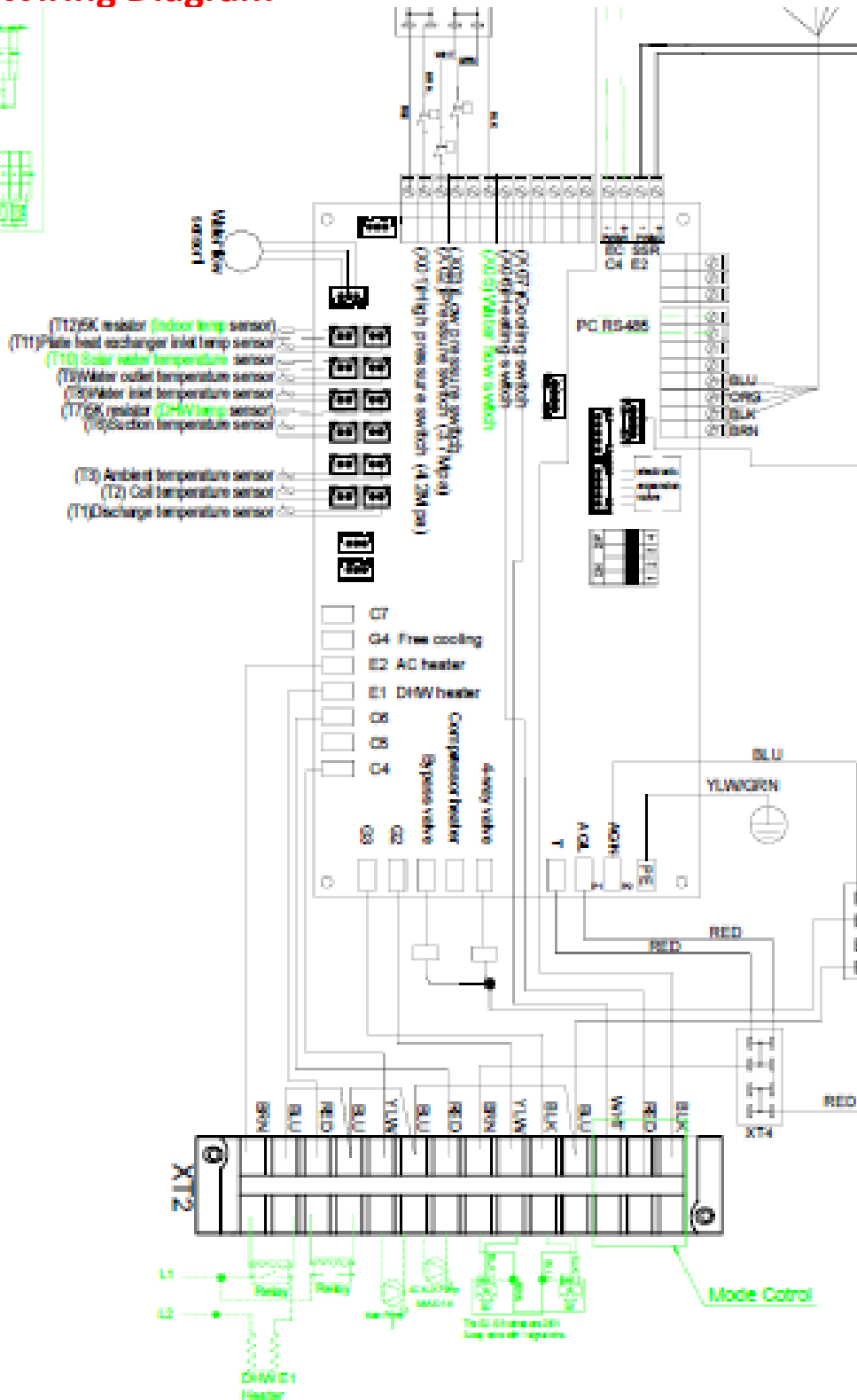
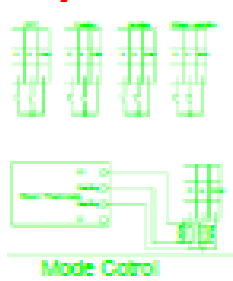
<https://www.mouser.com/?Keyword=V300LA40AP>

Electric Connections and Component Locator



If you need to extend wires please see the last page of this manual.

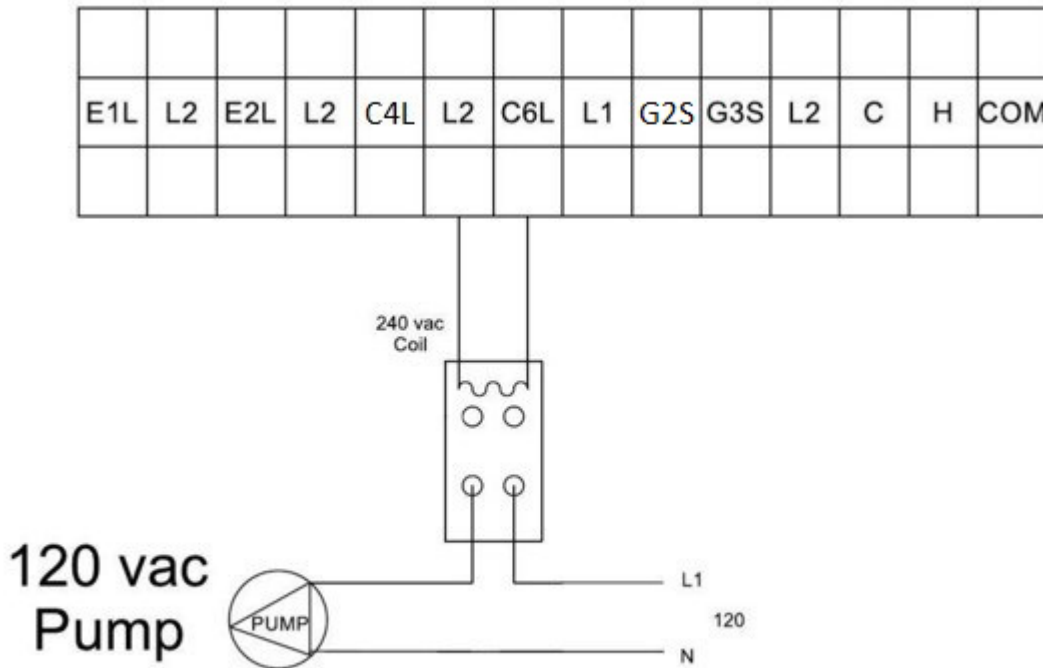
cx35 System Wiring Diagram



CX35-1 HI-Res diagram located here
www.chiltrix.com/documents

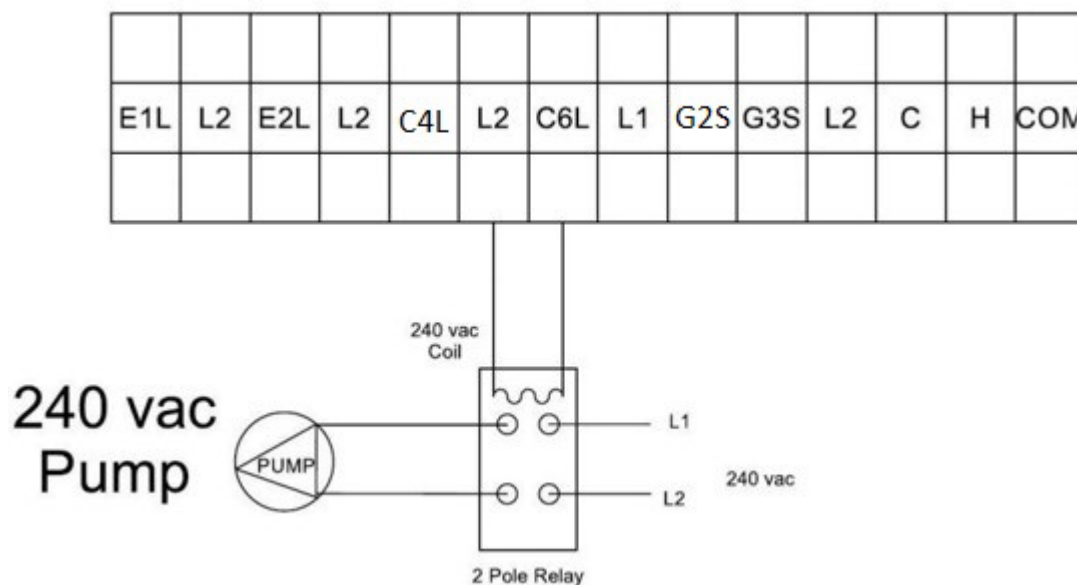
When using a second NON-PWM water pump

Generally there should be no need for this, please consult Chiltrix support dept. with any questions.



Connect the fixed speed pump to L2 and C6L.

When using a second NON-PWM water pump, use terminals L2 and C6L for relay coil power only. Do not connect a pump directly to L2 and C6L, always use a relay with a 240 vac coil. This pump will only run when the PWM pump is running. Setting P52=0, and P54=1, will shut C6 off when the chiller reaches its set point.



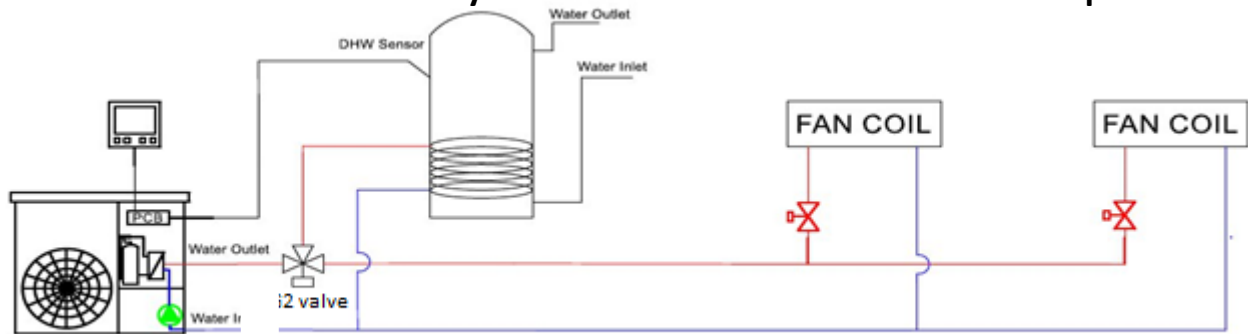
DHW (Domestic Hot Water) G2 Valve

G2: DHW/AC / Heating 3-Way Valve

In DHW mode, the G2 valve is powered off. In AC/heating mode, G2 is powered on. Parameter P08 must be "0" to enable DHW.

Status Indication: G1 will be displayed yellow while DHW mode is active, G2 will be displayed yellow when heating/cooling is active. NOTE: please see the difference in displays on page 34 as they changed for software version 108.1 and newer.

G2 and G3 valves use 220v Primary from the cx35. Use conduit and install per local code.



PLEASE MAKE SURE TO CONSULT THE CORRECT VERSION OF THE TANK MANUAL FROM THE CHILTRIX DOCUMENTS PAGE

<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/>

DHW target setting temperature is the tank water temperature measured with the DHW sensor, not the cx35 inlet water temperature. If the target temperature is 120°F, and the differential is 2°C, it means, when the DHW tank reaches 120°F, the compressor will stop. When the DHW tank temperature is lower than 116°F, DHW will start. **See the Chiltrix Tank Manual before proceeding to install or connecting any DHW or buffer tank.**

See the Chiltrix Tank Manual for important details and options for using cx35 with DHW, including backup heat options, and anti-legionella function. READ THE CHILTRIX TANK MANUAL BEFORE DESIGNING, CONNECTING, CONFIGURING, OR USING DHW.

The indoor ambient air temp is not used at this time, however, **do not disconnect this sensor. Leave all unused sensors plugged in and wrapped in the bundle above the compressor.**

IMPORTANT
Check all tank ports including under any element covers to make sure any unused ports are plugged. Pre-plugged ports may be only finger-tight. Check ALL ports and plugs for water tight fit.

Note; There is a clear plastic bag taped to the cx35. It contains the mounting feet, DHW sensor, and controller cable. Controller is inside.

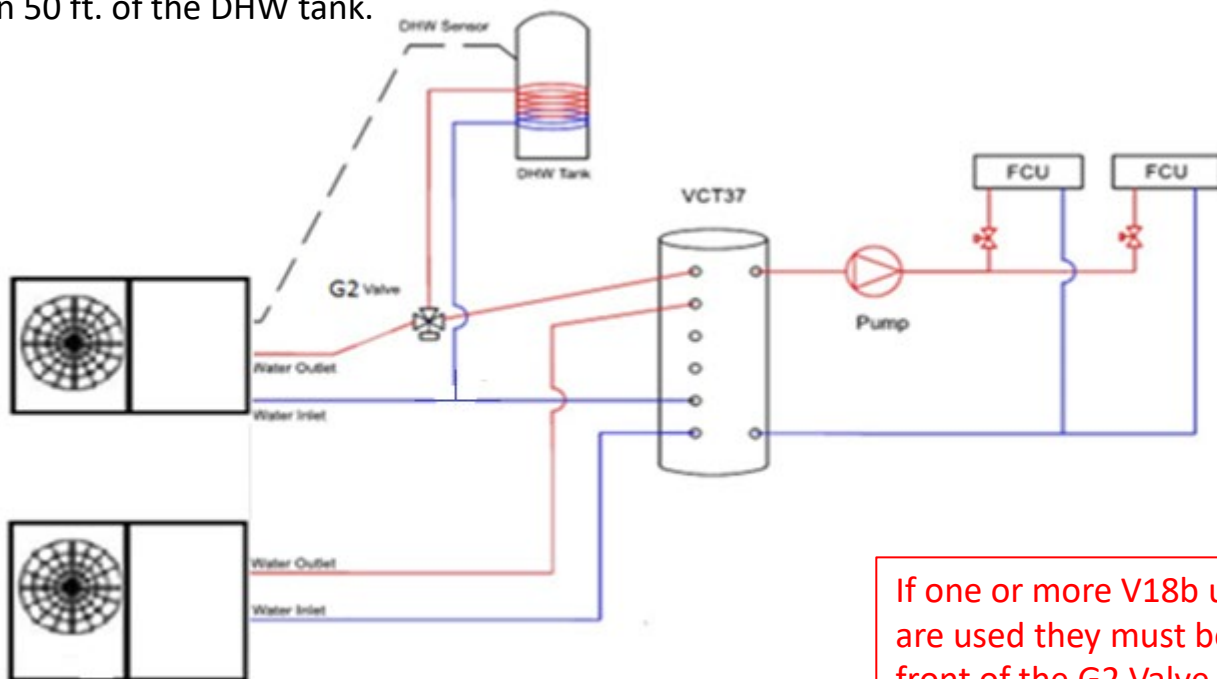


DHW (Domestic Hot Water) G2 Valve

DHW and AC / Heating with two chillers in Parallel

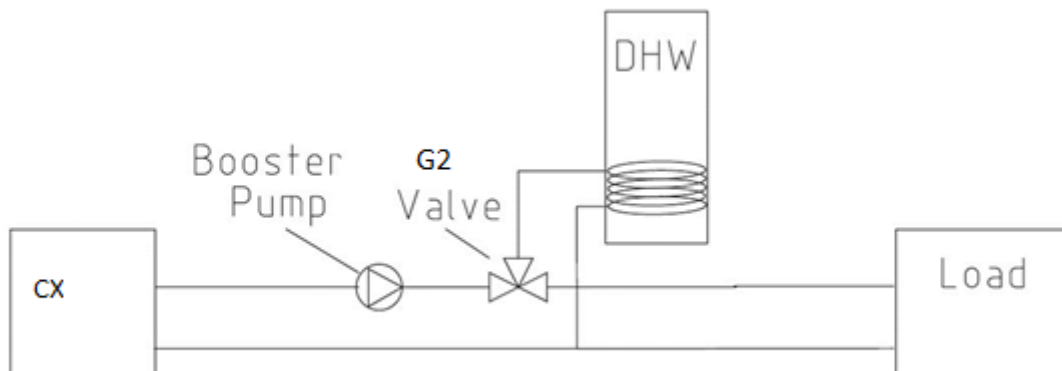
G2 and G3 valves use 220v Primary from the cx35. Use conduit and install per local code. . Below shows 2x heat pumps set up so that Chiller 2 can continue to provide cooling or heating while Chiller 1 deals with any DHW load. Bottom drawing shows 1x cx35 with DHW.

The G2 valve should be installed as close to the cx35 as practical. The DHW tank should be installed as close to the G2 valve as practical. Shorter distances will improve performance and reduce the likelihood of needing a booster pump. The cx35 should always be located within 50 ft. of the DHW tank.



If one or more V18b units are used they must be in front of the G2 Valve (upstream from G2) See V18b manual.

IMPORTANT
Check all tank ports including under any element covers to make sure any unused ports are plugged. Pre-plugged ports may be only finger-tight. **Check ALL ports and plugs for water tight fit.**

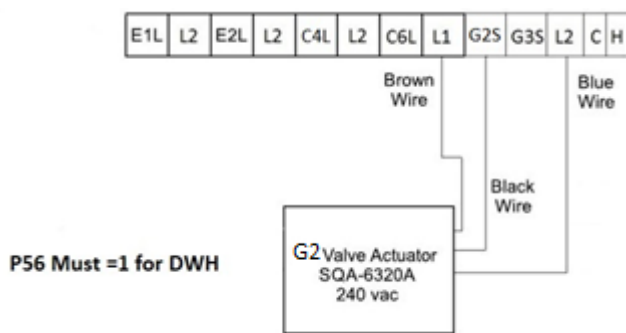


Any booster pump should be located between the heat pump outlet and any G2 valve or V18

G valves Continued

A booster pump may be installed in front of the G2 valve when installing the DHW option if the head, including pressure drop of the DHW tank coil, exceeds the head allowed by the pump curve when calculated at 7GPM. If a booster pump is needed for a different reason, this location should also be used. Check the DHW tank pressure drop from the Chiltrix Tank Manual or tank provider coil specs if not using a Chiltrix tank. The G2 valve should be located as close to the cx50 as practical.

G2 Valve Wiring Note; The G2 control wire is connected to G2 on the terminal strip G2 and G3 valves use 220v Primary from the cx35. Use conduit and install per local code.



If one or more V18b units are used they must be in front of the G2 Valve (upstream from G2) See V18b manual.

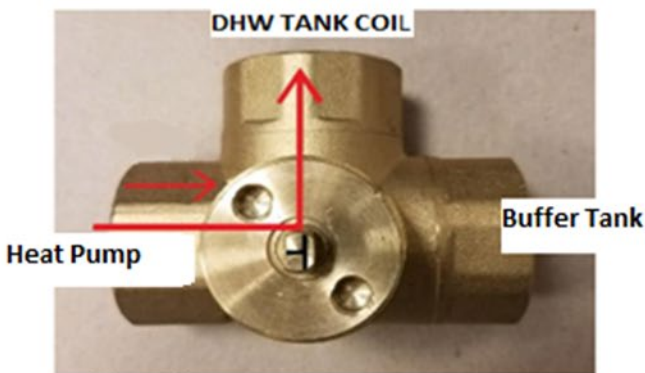


Figure 1
G1 Valve Active, DHW Mode

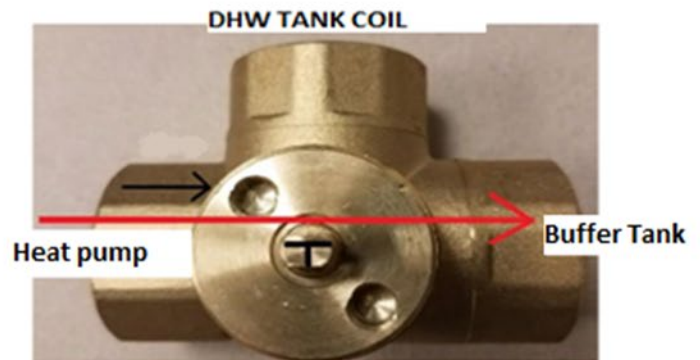


Figure 2
Heating and Cooling Only

Figure 1, this is the direction of flow when it is activated for DHW. Figure 2, this is the direction of flow when it is activated for Heating or Cooling. When the brown wire is connected to L1, the blue wire connected to L2, and the black control wire is connected to G2S the valve is controlled by voltage at L2 and G2S. Voltage at G2S activates the valve for DHW. No voltage at G2S activates the valve for Heating/Cooling. See wiring diagram above. **In order to position the dhw actuator in the correct position. You will need to turn the dhw valve to match figure 2. Connect the wires as show above and place the actuator to the side next to the dhw valve. With dhw mode off IE: the unit is in heating or cooling only. Turn the cx35 on and let the unit run for a few seconds, the actuator may or may not move depending on how it was built at the factor and what origin point the stem is in, after about 2 mins of the unit running you may place the actuator on to the dhw valve and tighten down to its final position. Verify that the dhw and heating/cooling is working.**

G valves Continued

Note: the DHW valve is Straight thread, there will be 3 of these adapters per valve. This adapter adapts the straight thread to 1" npt.



When installing the actuator on to the valve consult the pictures below to make sure you have it oriented in the correct directions.

If your actuator matches Pos 1 then you will need to turn the DHW valve to match figure 1 on the previous page.

If you actuator matches Pos 2 then you will need to turn the DHW valve to match figure 2 on the previous page.

If the actuator is in any other orientation then install the DHW valve as shown in figure 2 on the previous page and then power up the Chiltrix and with the actuator connected electrically **BUT NOT ATTACHED TO THE VALVE**, make sure DHW is disabled. Once the compressor is running then place the actuator onto the DHW valve and test the unit for proper DHW function.

Pos 1

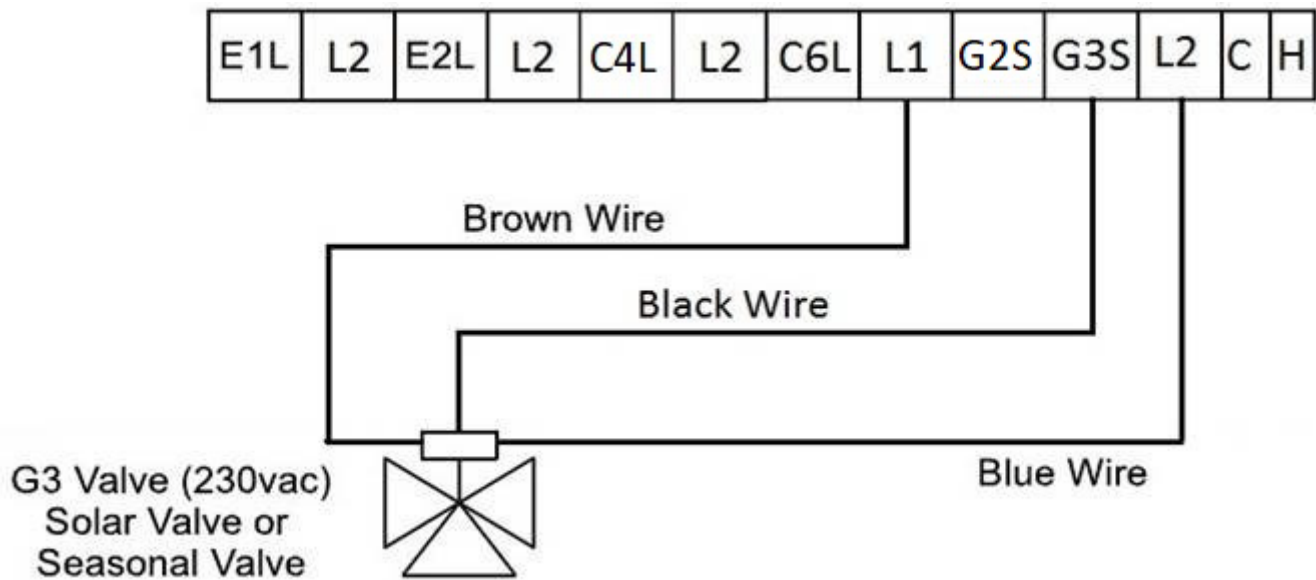


Pos 2



G3 Valve: Seasonal Switch Valve

G2 and G3 valves use 220v Primary from the cx50. Use conduit and install per local code.

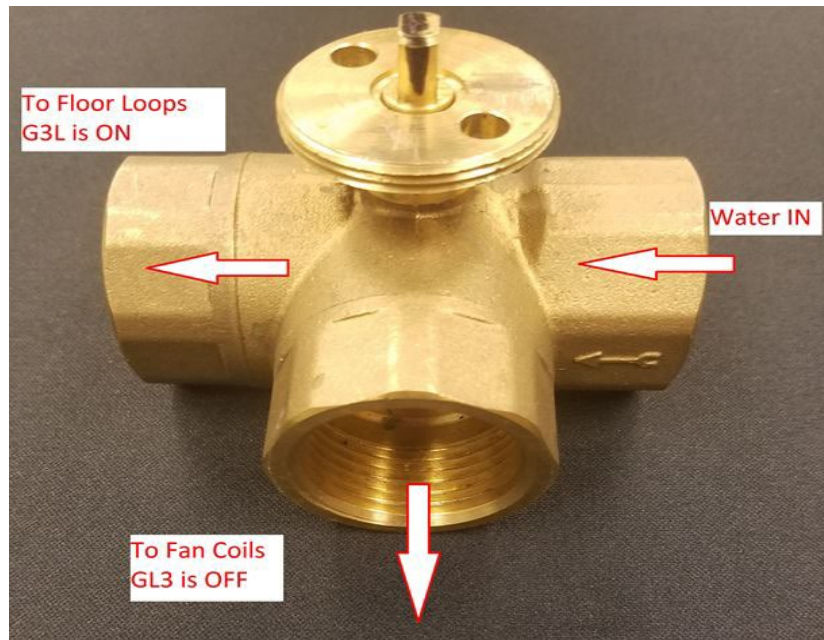
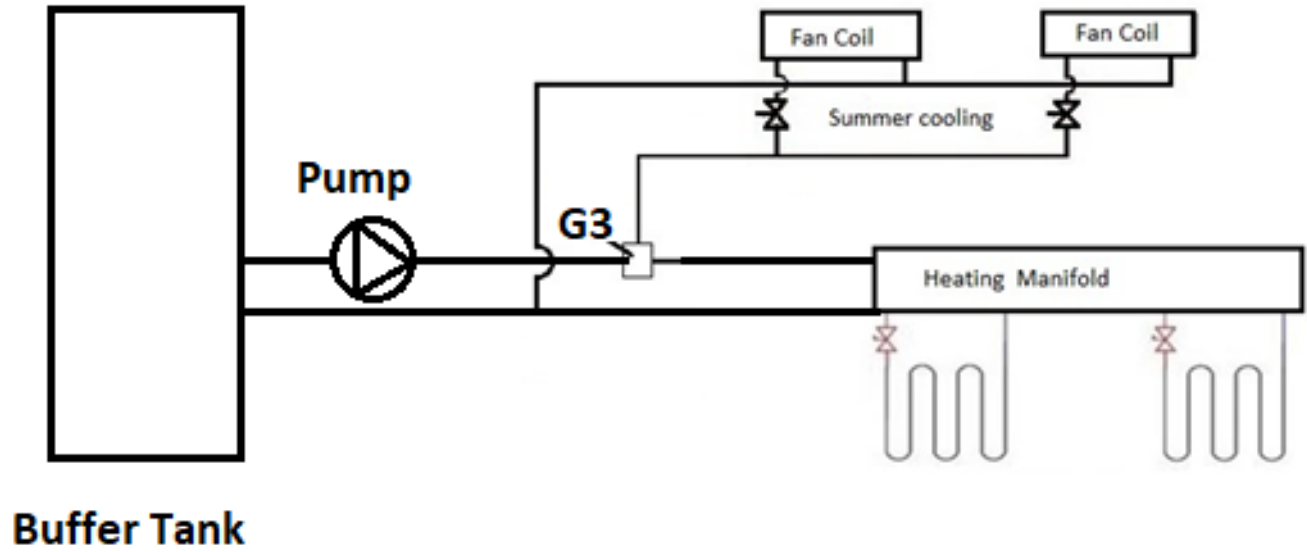


The G3 port can be used to control a seasonal switch valve. The seasonal switch valve is used to isolate the floor coils from the fan coils when switching over from heating to cooling. The seasonal switch valve is controlled by parameter P50. When parameter P50 is 0, the valve is configured as a seasonal Switch.

When parameter P50 is 1, the valve is configured as a solar pre-heat valve. The cx35 compares the solar tank temp and AC returned temp. When the solar tank temp – AC returned temp is ≥ 5 °C, the 3-way valve G3S will be on; when solar water tank temperature minus the air conditioning returned temperature is less than 2°C, G3S will be off.

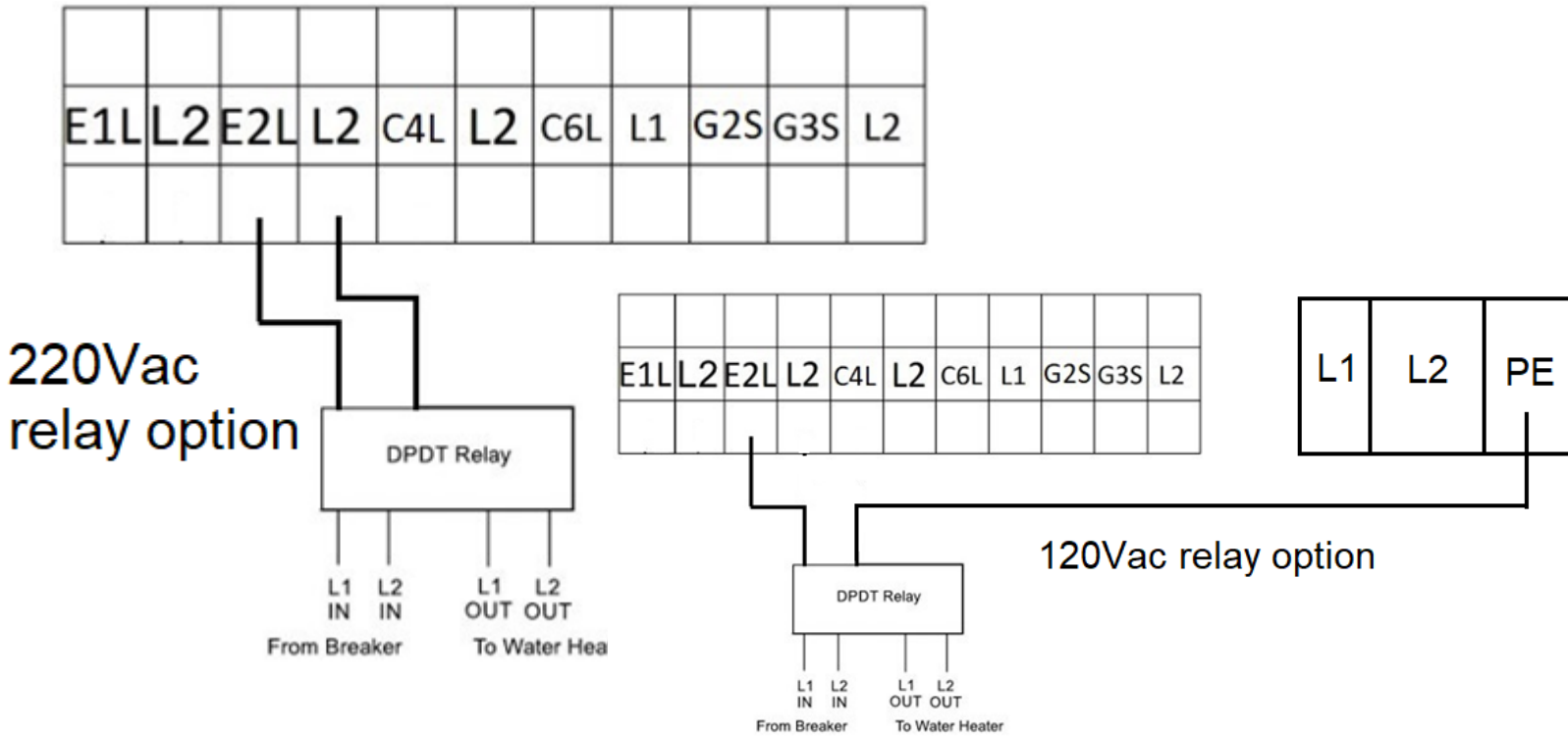
G3 VALVE

Seasonal Switch Valve



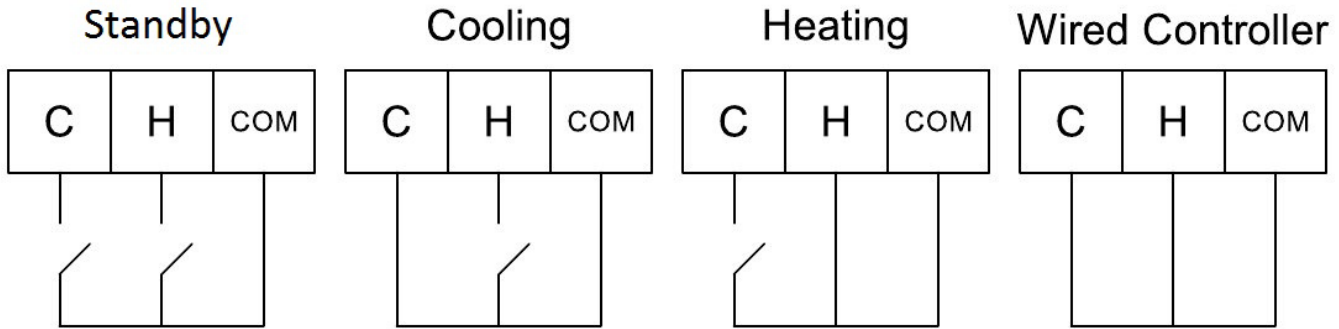
G3 Ports

Second Heat Source



- P56 value=0 is for when using dynamically variable SSR output to a V18.
- P56 value = 1 is for when using a relay on the E2 terminals to start a 2nd heat source such as a boiler.
- P56 value = 2 is for when no backup heating is used or being controlled by the chiller.
- If no backup of any kind is used, change it to 2.
- DO NOT USE ELEMENTS IN A BUFFER TANK FOR BACKUP HEATING. SEE CHILTRIX TANK MANUAL. Elements would be used in a buffer tank for *emergency heat* not for backup heat.
- NOTE* THE PREFERRED WAY TO ADD BACKUP HEAT IS TO USE THE CHILTRIX V18 DYNAMIC VARIABLE BACKUP HEATER. "SECOND HEAT SOURCE" IS AN OLDER AND MORE COMMON METHOD, BUT IS NOT AS EFFICIENT AS A V18.
- P57 is E2 activation air temperature. Outdoor air temp must less than P57 for E2 to be activated. P57 default is 0°C (P57 range is -20~20°C)
P40= the E2 start delay time. If compressor cannot meet target for X minutes then E2 will start.

Onboard External Relay Control



Above shows the C-H-COM terminals logic.

IMPORTANT: The C,H, Com terminals are DRY CONTACTS. Do NOT apply Voltage to the terminals.

This optional feature allows you to control the mode (heating or cooling, standby) of the Chiltrix heat pump from a standard single stage heat pump thermostat. There are two options explained below, with instructions, drawings and configuration settings on the next page.

Option 1 (This is the one that's most commonly used)

With this option, a standard single stage heat pump thermostat can be used to select the cool-heat-off (standby) mode of the heat pump. When the thermostat makes a call for heating or cooling the compressor starts with the reversing valve in the correct position, according to the mode you have set on the thermostat, and will target the user-defined preset tank target temperature. Note, this option does not maintain a temperature in a buffer tank between calls so the tank temperature may drift from target if it has been a significant amount of time since the last call. However, after a short thermal lag the target tank temperature will be restored.

Option 2

This option leaves the heat pump in its last used operating mode, the heat pump continuously monitors the buffer tank temperature, running the compressor at a variable speed to replace any standby losses as they occur, maintaining the tank at the target temperature. With this mode, the thermostat selector can only chose heating or cooling. To turn the system off, you would select off at the thermostat and then also use the Chiltrix controller to stop the heat pump. This option eliminates any thermal lag caused by standby losses.

Either of the above options allow a standard single stage heat pump thermostat or other external controller to control switching the heating, cooling (and it option 1, standby) modes of the heat pump via relay. This method of control generally requires a single-stage standard heat pump thermostat, a installer provided 24 vac transformer and two relays, (Eg. Tyco K10P-11A15-24, w/ two relay sockets, 27E487). The relays can be located in the chiller next to the IPM. The transformer can be located in the home near the standard thermostat or other controller.

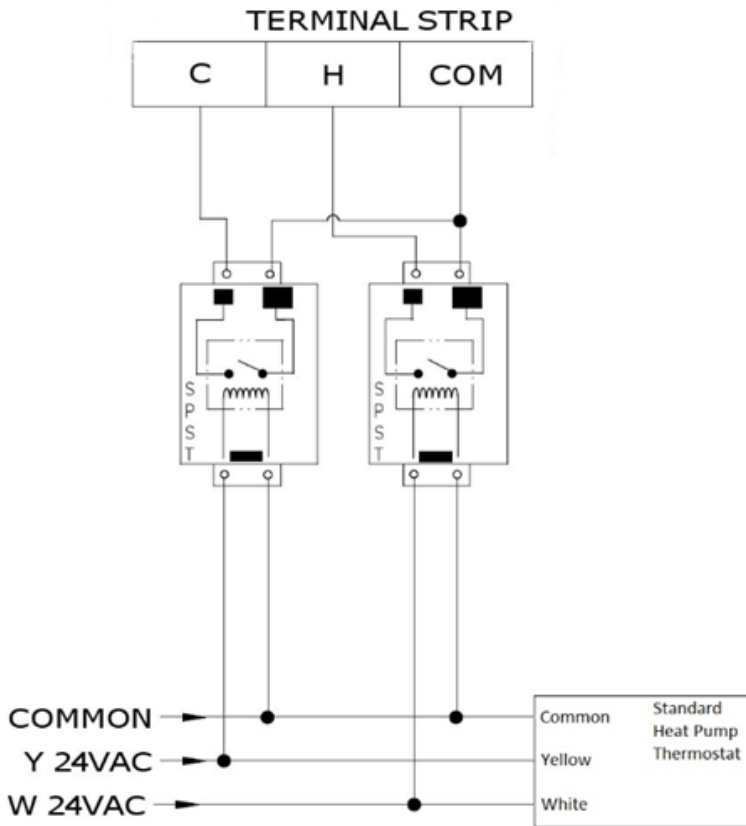
Onboard External Relay/T-Stat Control

NOTE: Before removing any jumper or connecting any relays, make sure of the following:

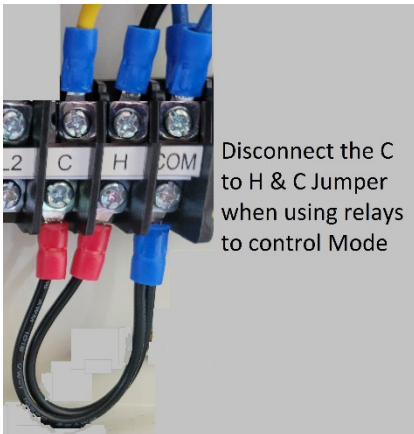
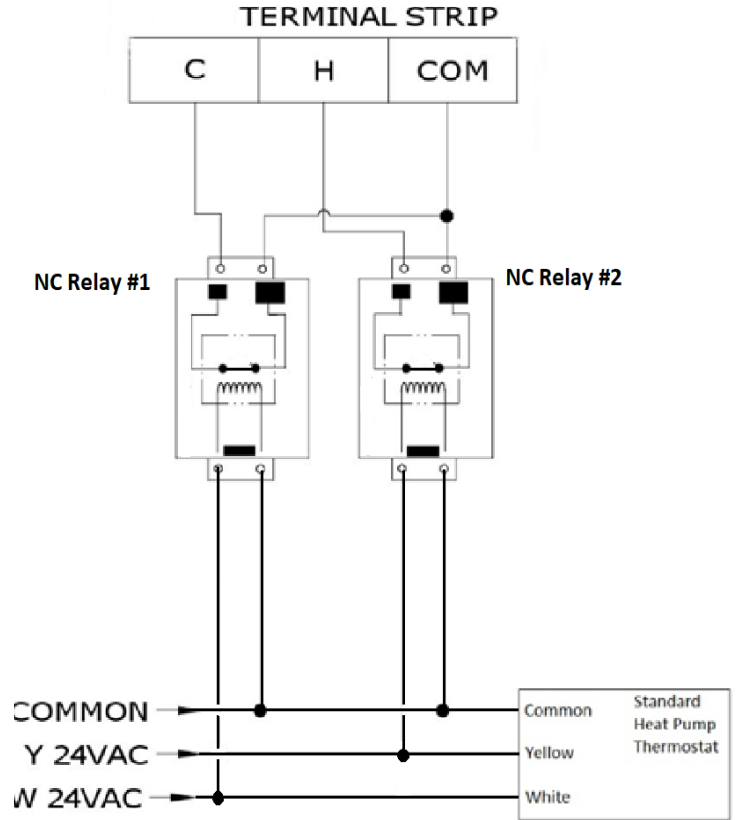
1. Enable/disable DHW, as applicable, at P08. Your selection will follow along with a change between heating and cooling. If DHW is active (Parameter P08=0) DHW will work even when external relay control has the system "off" (standby).
2. Use the controller Mode button to switch modes and set the target temperatures of each mode Heat, Cool and DHW, before proceeding.
3. Auto-switchover (based on outdoor temp) at P42/P43 cannot be used when using this feature.
4. In order to use this function you must enable P111.

IMPORTANT: The C,H, Com terminals are DRY CONTACTS. Do NOT apply Voltage to the terminals.

OPTION 1 (NO Relays)



OPTION 2 (NC Relays)



The switch status can be displayed in the C parameters
 C63 is X06 AC heating switch mode status; 0=OPEN; 1=CLOSE
 C64 is X07AC cooling switch mode status; 0=OPEN; 1=CLOSE

NOTE: Using this relay control option will NOT override inputs from the Chiltrix standard wired controller unless p111 is enabled. See the Psychrologix manual for important additional information if this applies to you. Timers as explained elsewhere in this manual will NOT be available when relay control is used.

System filling with Propylene Glycol and water

At or near the cx35 a flush/fill valve assembly must be installed. This can be made with three ball valves and a couple hose fittings. If you don't already have a fill kit for use with solar thermal, hydronic, or chiller systems, you can easily create one with the following Bill of materials: All Pex fittings are available at www.supplyhouse.com

2 ea. Pex 1" x 3/4" Tee SKU: H051175LF Brand: Rifeng

1 ea. Pex 1" Ball Valve SKU: H081000LF Brand: Rifeng

2 ea. Pex 3/4" Ball Valve SKU: H080750LF Brand: Rifeng

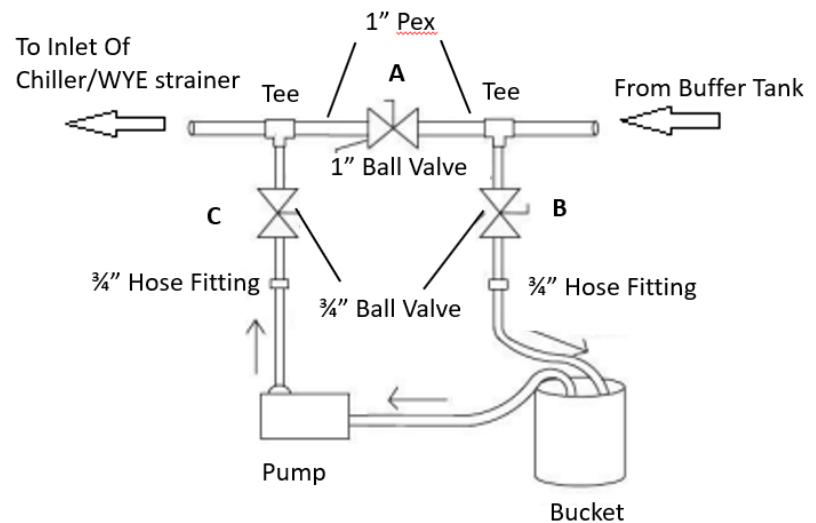
2 ea. 3/4" Hose Fitting SKU: G20103 Brand: Jones Stephens

2 ea. Pex 3/4" x 3/4" NPT Female Adaptor SKU: H040750LF Brand: Rifeng

10' of Garden Hose Home Depot

5 Gallon Bucket Home Depot

High Head Fill Pump Grainger

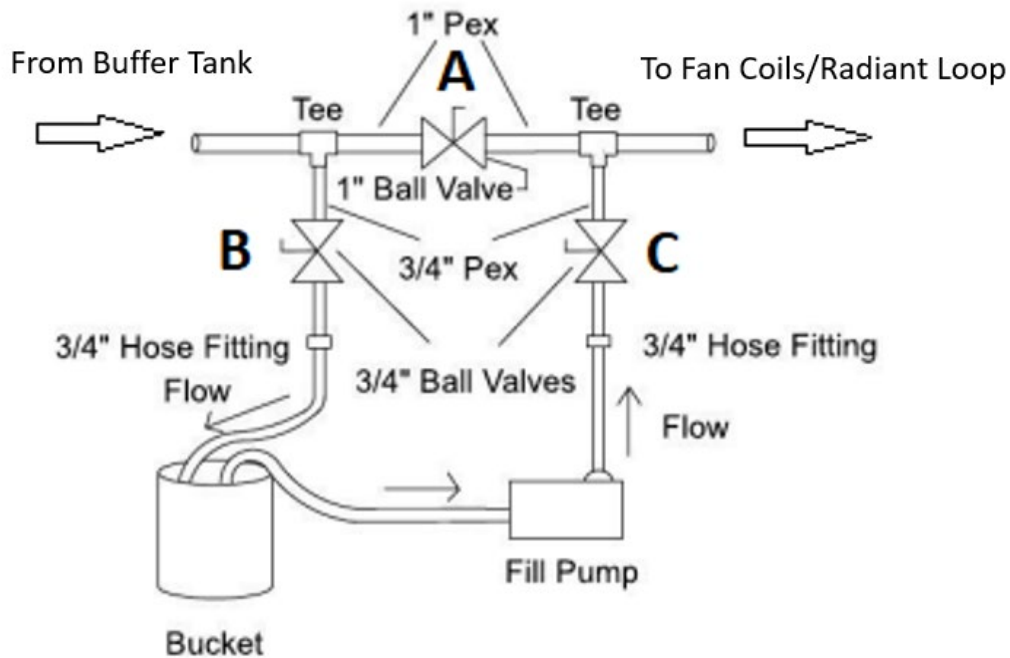


Pre-mix the propylene glycol in a container large enough to hold the loop volume plus a few gallons. Using a filling pump and 3 hoses, place one hose in the glycol container and connect it to the suction side of the pump. Connect the second hose to the pump discharge and the other end to valve "C". Using a third hose, connect it to valve "B", and leave the open end in the glycol bucket. Close the middle ball valve "A". Close the middle ball valve "A". The pump should be pumping toward the Cx35 chiller. Open and close valve "A" a few times to remove trapped air.

Run the pump until there are no more air bubbles coming out of the loop. After all air is expelled from the loop, close valve "B" and then open valve "A" with the pump running. When the pressure gage on the cx35 shows at least 30 psi close valve "C" and turn off the pump. Minimum loop pressure is 14.5 psi, maximum pressure is 43.5 psi, and ideal pressure is 20-30 psi.

See more info on Isolation valves used with the flush fill system here <https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/Charging-Fill-Kit.pdf>

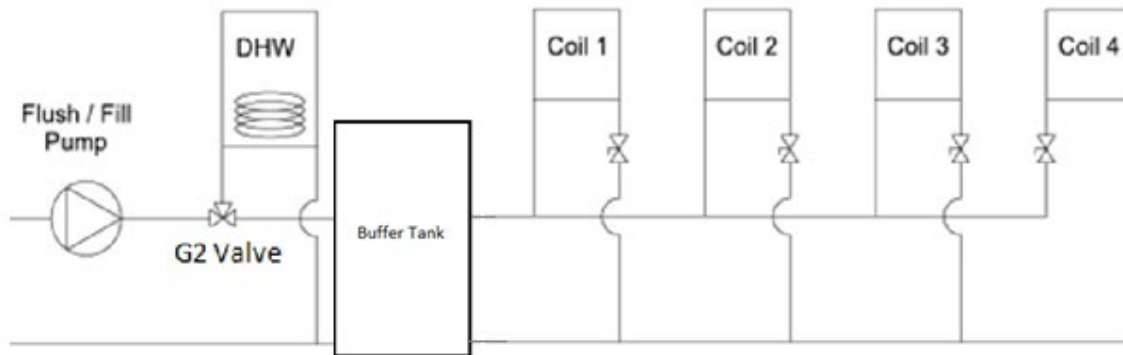
System filling with Propylene Glycol and water



On complex or large load-side systems or load-side systems dealing with fan coils on an upper floor, there may be a need for a flush fill kit on the load side of the buffer tank. The diagram/parts lists is the same as the approach for the supply-side. The only difference is that you will be pumping from the bucket to the fan coils/radiant and through the buffer tank.

See more info on Isolation valves used with the flush fill system here
<https://www.chiltrix.com/documents/Charging-Fill-Kit.pdf>

Purging Air From DHW Tank & Fan Coils



If a DHW tank is installed, the G valve should be the first device on the loop as shown unless there is a V18 (which would always be in front of the G valve, The G2 valves should always be as close to the cx35 as possible. The tank should be as close to the G2 valve as possible.

To purge the air from its coil, remove the actuator from the valve body and rotate the valve stub 90° clockwise to force the water through the coil. Return the valve stub back to its original position when all of the air is purged. Close the input valve to each fan coil except the first coil (1). Turn the pump on and run it, when the bubbles stop coming out of the discharge hose turn on the ball valve on coil (2), wait for the bubbles to stop, then do the same for coil number (3), then (4). All CX Chillers have a flow switch installed in the loop. Air in the system may cause a flow switch alarm; the controller will display a P05 error code.

All CXI fan coils have an air purge screw near the water inlet port, always purge the fan coils before starting the chiller. The cx35 chiller also has a bleeder valve with a ¼" clear tube attached to it located near the brazed plate heat exchanger.

Fan Coil Flow Balancing (Performed at time of commissioning)

Proper and even flow through each fan coil is important for both heating and cooling. , (Coil temperature can be displayed by pressing the up and down temperature arrow keys at the same time), This can be done with balancing valves or ball valves installed at each fan coil supply or return pipe. This must be done with the cx35 in heating mode, set loop AC target to the maximum temp setting for commissioning.

DO NOT DO THIS IN COOLING MODE OR DAMAGE MAY OCCUR.

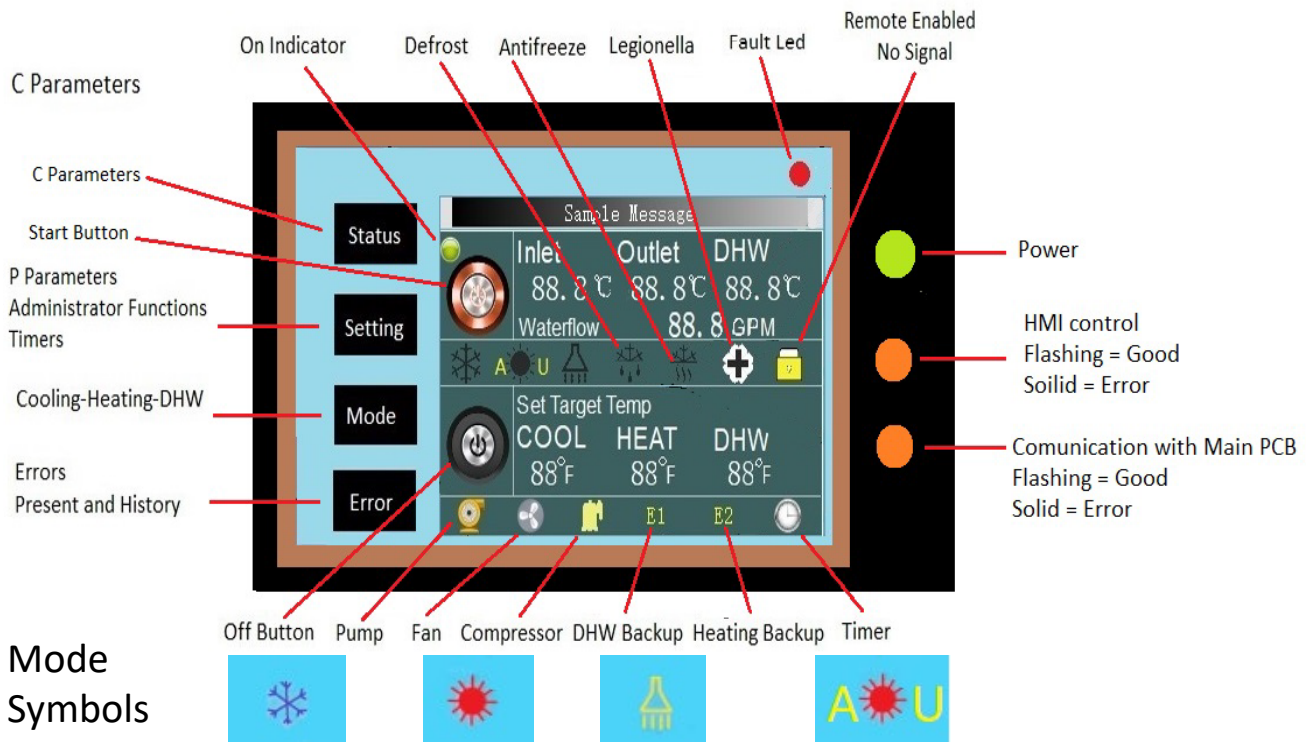
Adjust valve positions until each fan coil has the same leaving fluid temperature, with all CXIs set to max manual fan speed and in heating mode. When all leaving fluid temps are the same, the units are properly balanced. If a fan coil is powered on but the fan isn't running, there is a good possibility that there is air trapped in that particular part of the loop. Also verify the parameters with the CXI FCU manual, page 34. <http://www.chiltrix.com/documents/Chiltrix-hydronic-FCU-ver-1.5.pdf>

Note – while only one ball valve per CXI is needed for balancing, best-practice would be to use 2 valves, one on supply and one on return, so that the fan coil unit could be isolated if needed.

Standard Controller (Included with all cx35 Units)

Cooling, Heating, DHW, cooling + DHW, heating + DHW mode of operation options, automatic fault detection, alarm processing, and energy control.

1. The 4-conductor control cable can be extended up to 300 feet of 20 AWG or larger.
2. The controller handles all input and output signals, and system status.
3. Full-touch color LCD display. **MUST BE INSTALLED INDOORS.**
4. Modes, set points and other factory parameter settings are entered directly on the LCD screen. Note, for heating and cooling, the set target refers to the return water temperature, in steady-state operation, the leaving temper will be +/- 5C (9F). The normal cooling set target is 53F which implies a leaving steady-state temperature of 44F. Heating, for radiant, is normally set for 86F (implies leaving at 95F). Heating, for fan coils, is normally set at 96F (implies steady-state temp of 104F). **The cx35 can achieve a leaving temp of 131F under most but not all conditions. The maximum supported target set point is 111F (implies a 120F leaving temp.**
5. 100 fault records can be stored and retrieved to show the details of each fault that may occur.
6. All of the switch input / outputs can be directly observed on the LCD control panel making commissioning convenient.
7. The LCD display is wall-mountable.



Mode Symbols

Cooling Heating DHW Heating with AU

- (1) **Taskbar:** shows the current running applications, and the time. Clicking on the different application boxes will switch to different applications.
- (2) **Main window:** Displays the main window of the application that is currently running.
- (3) **Application icon:** A desktop application that first highlights the icon when it is first clicked, and then clicked again to launch the application.

Indoor Controller!
This controller must be installed indoors.

cx35 Desktop

Settings:

Chiltrix heat pump setting for space heating/cooling are always set for return temperature, with a steady-state leaving temperature +/- 9F

Standard Settings:

Space cooling: 54F (note, this implies a leaving temperature of 44F)

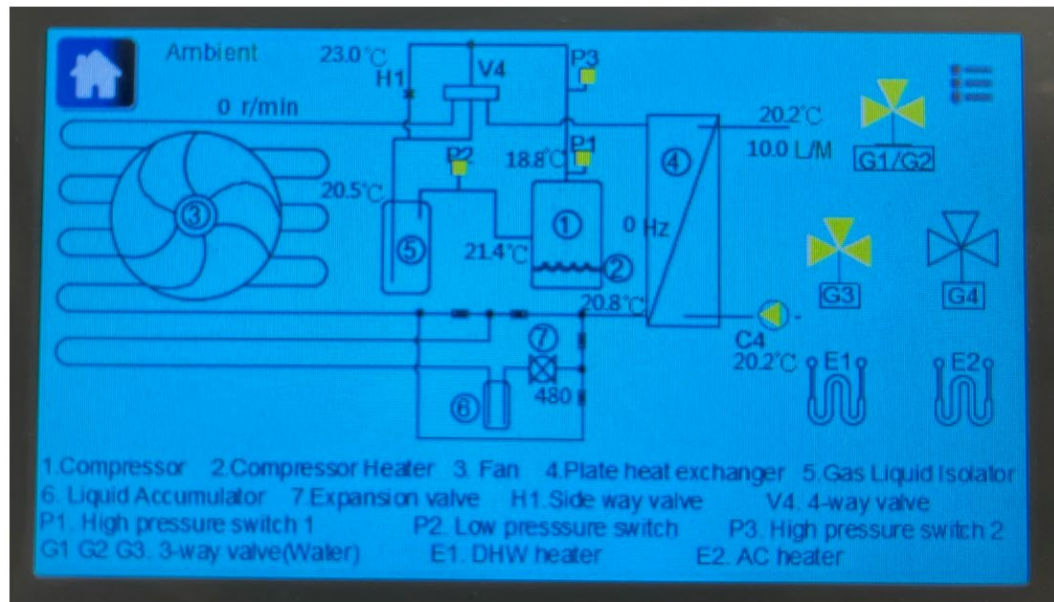
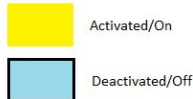
Space heating: For Chiltrix supplies AHU/FCU 96F (Note this implies a 105F leaving temperature. Max recommended temp 111F (120F leaving temperature

DHW: Max 120F

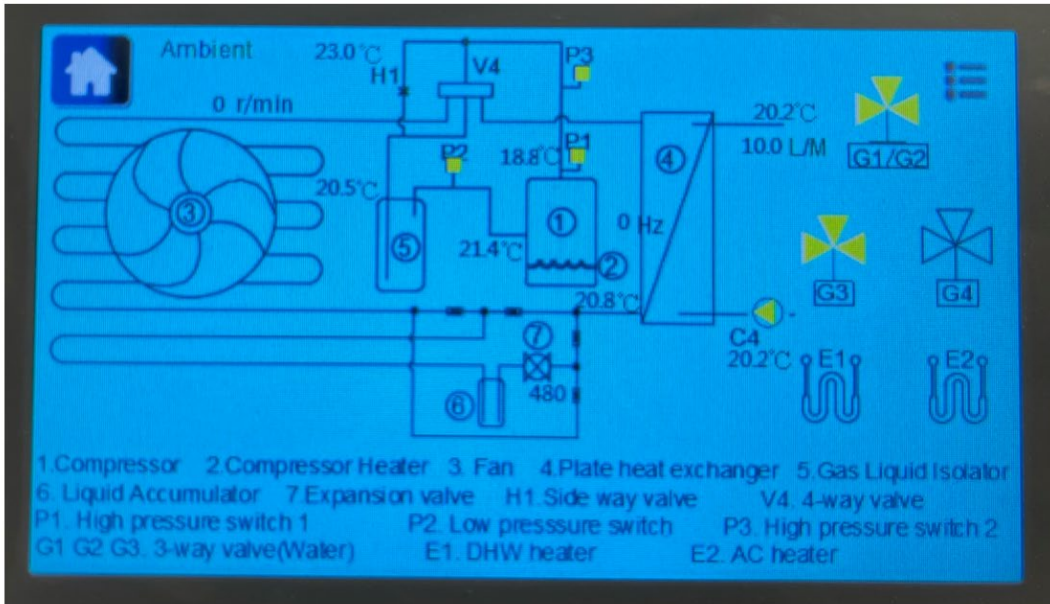
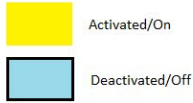
Keys Operation

Status

Click "Status" at the home page to enter the status diagram, press the upper right hand corner where the 3 dashed lines are to get into the parameters page as shown on the next page.



CX50 Status Page Pre Software Version 108.1



CX50 Status Page Pre Software Version 108.1 is shown above



Note the changes for different software's. It only changes how G1 and G2 are displayed, does not change any hardware or requirements.

cx35 Desktop

Keys Operation

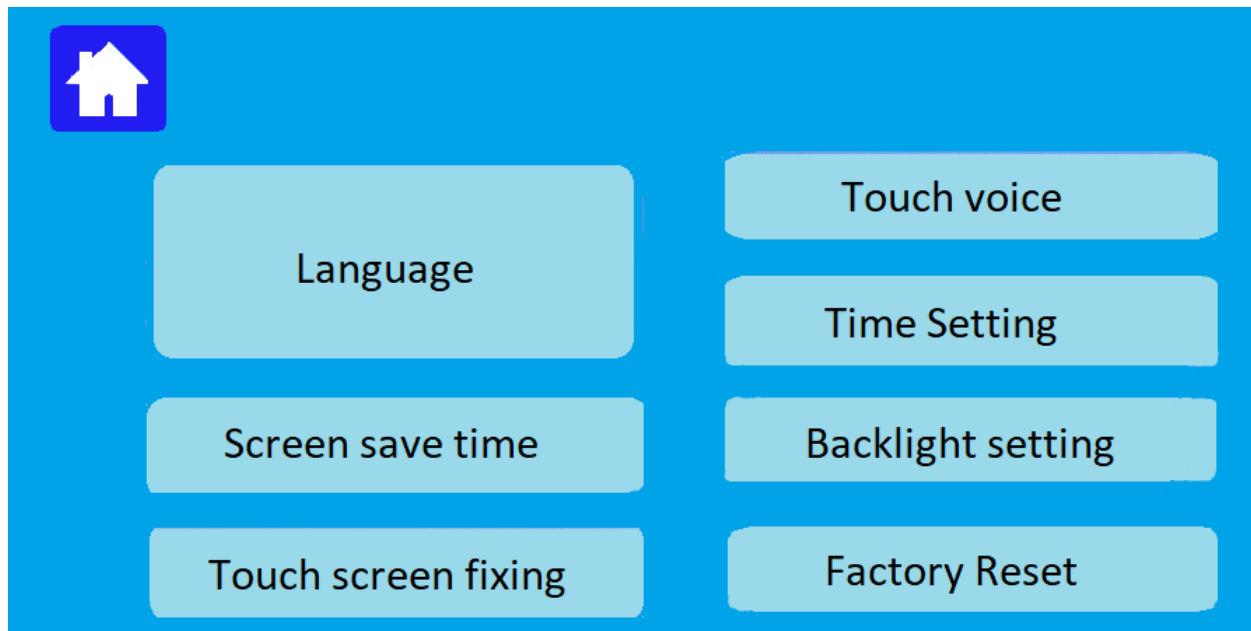
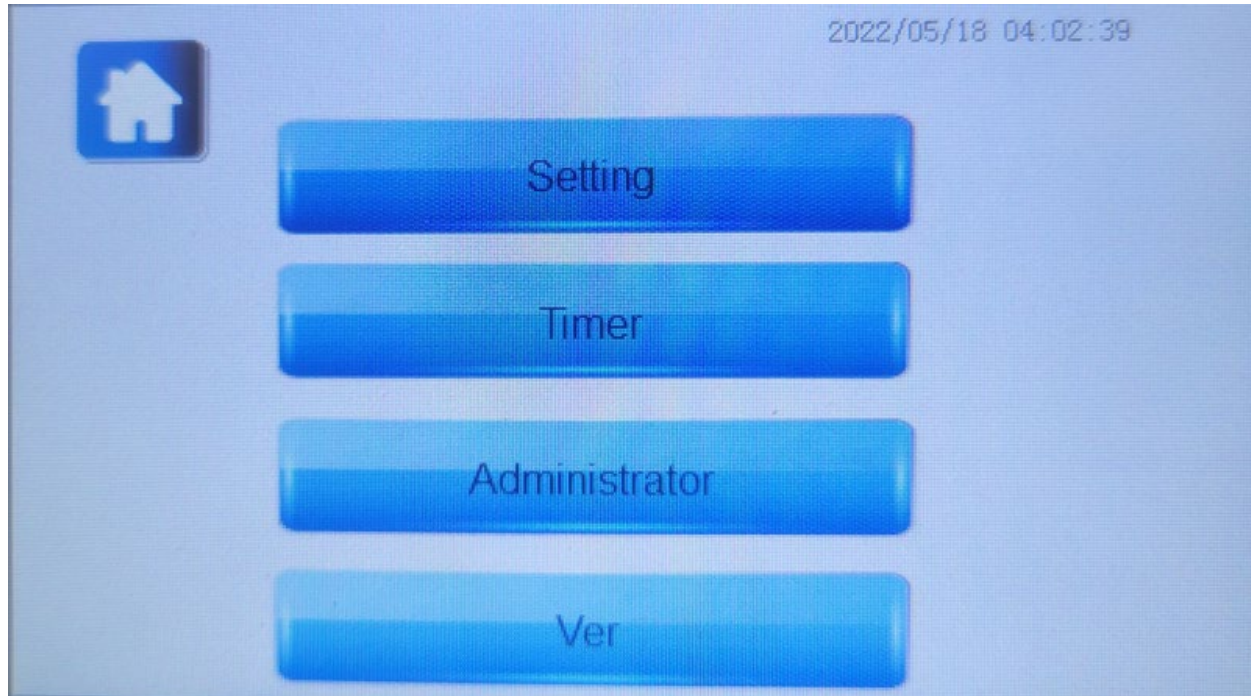
Status

Click "Status" at the home page to enter the status, and then click the three lines at the right top to get into the "C parameters" below. Click the arrow ">" button to go to next page.

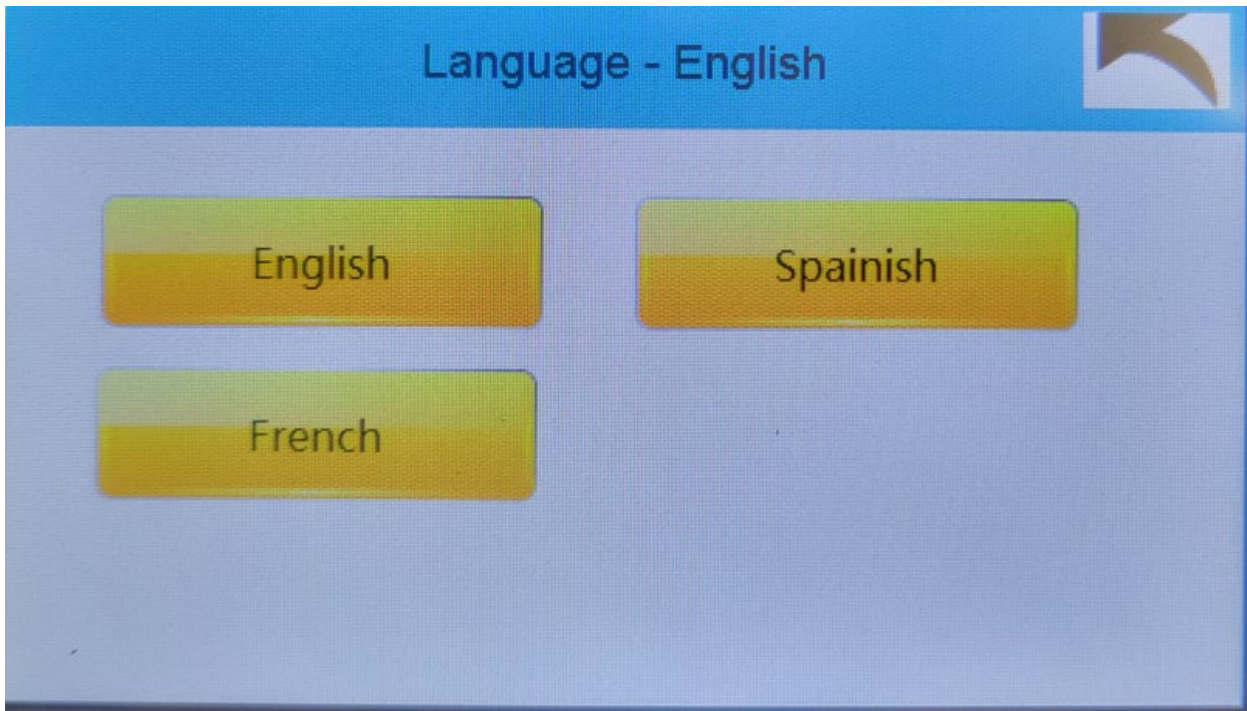
| Item | Value |
|--|-------|
| C00 Coil temp | 0.0°C |
| C01 Compressor discharge temp(AIN1) | 0.0°C |
| C02 Ambient temp | 0.0°C |
| C03 Suction temperature | 0.0°C |
| C04 Plate heat exchanger inlet temperature | 0.0°C |

Navigation: < 1/15 >

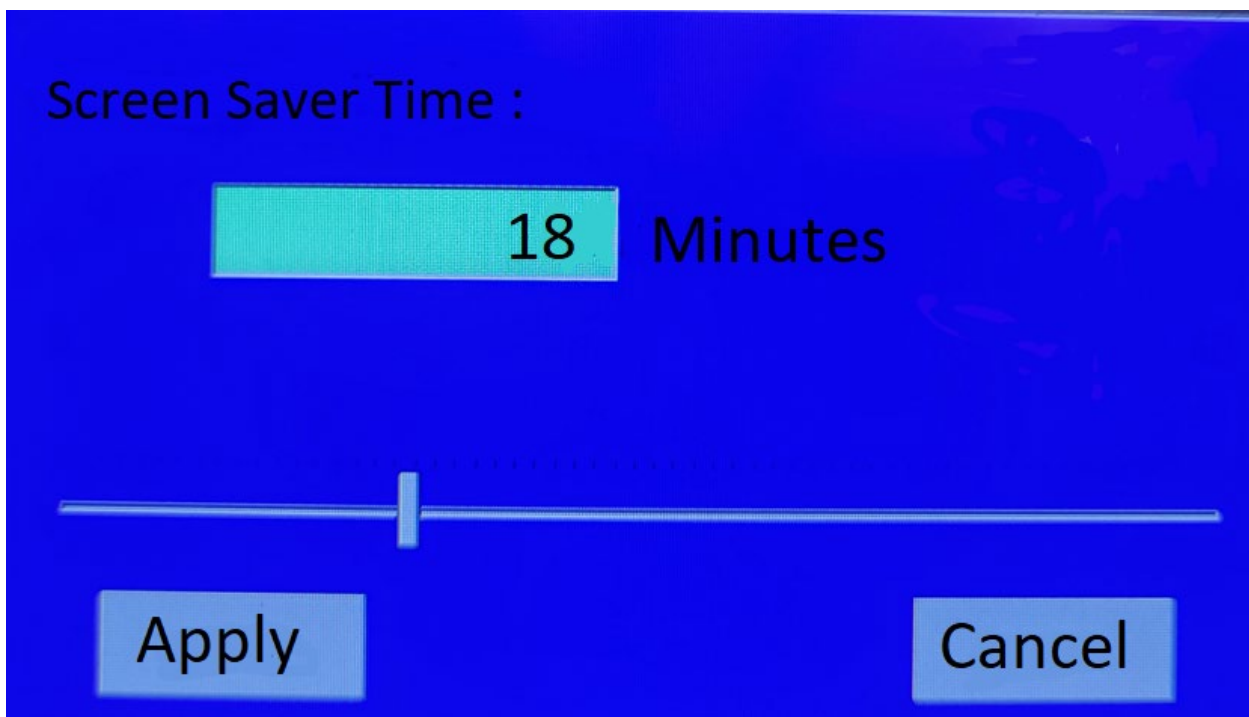
Click **“Setting”** button, and you will enter the system setting page. Then you select the language, set time and Administrator settings.



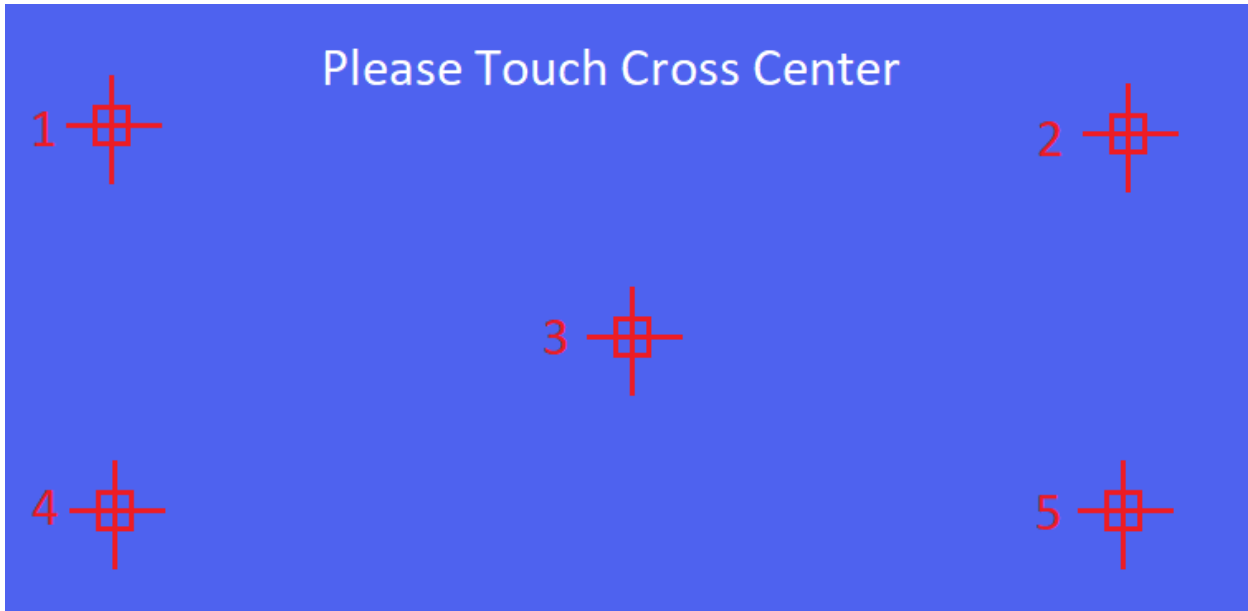
Settings Menu



Language Screen



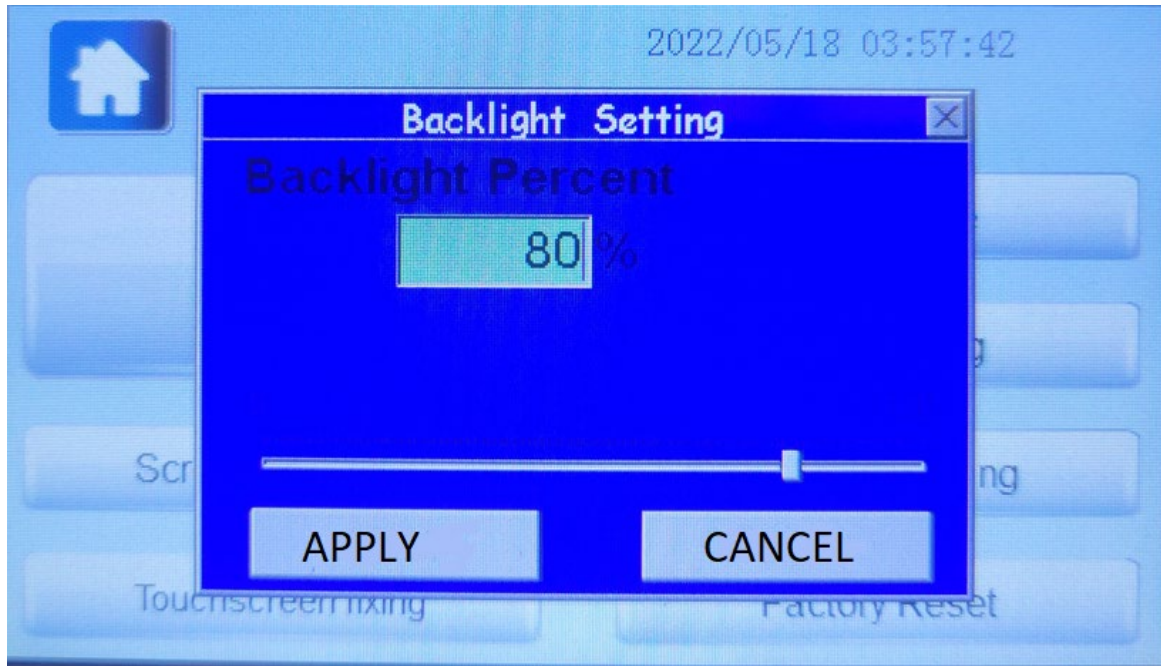
Screen Saver



Touch Screen Fixing (Calibration)



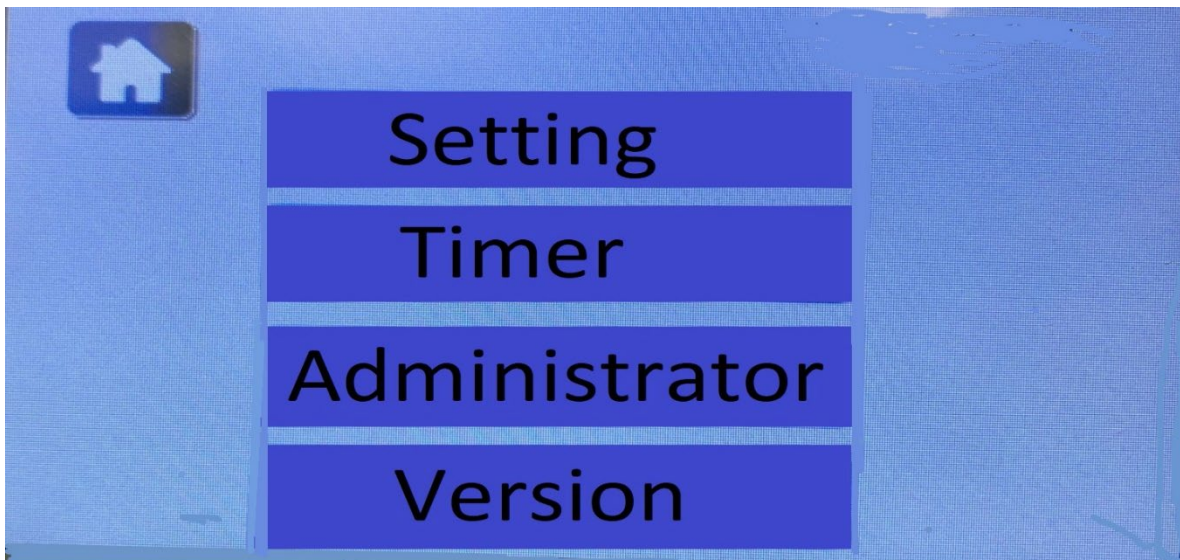
Time Setting



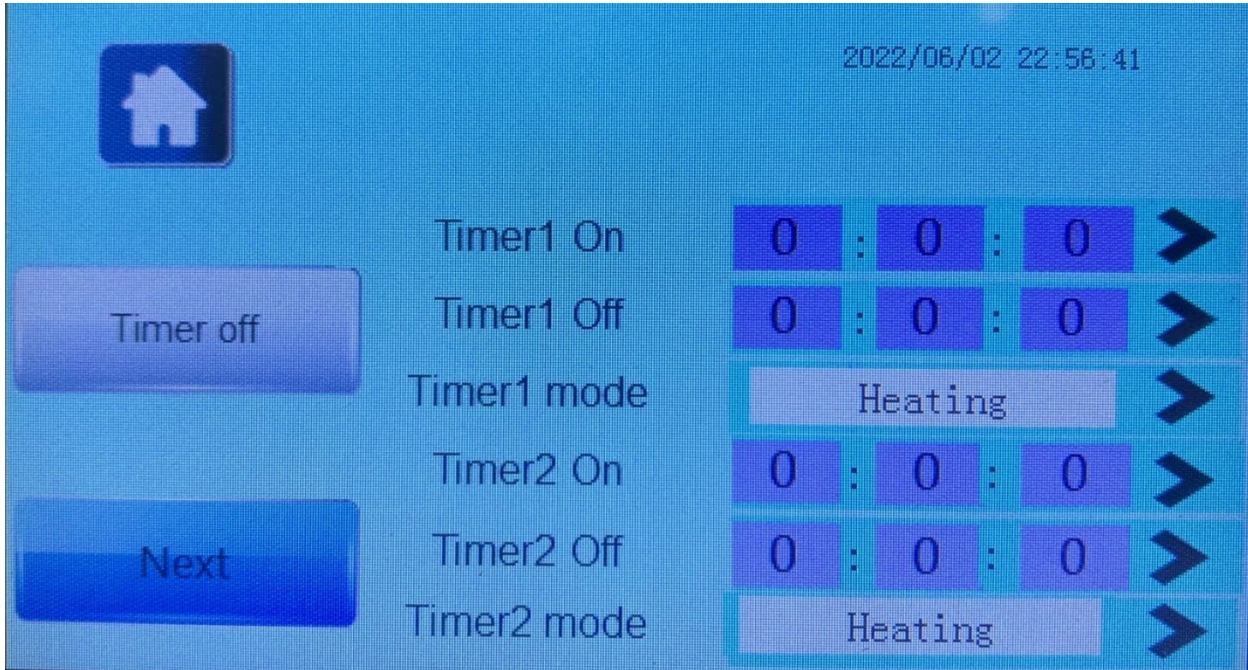
Back Light Setting

Timer Function

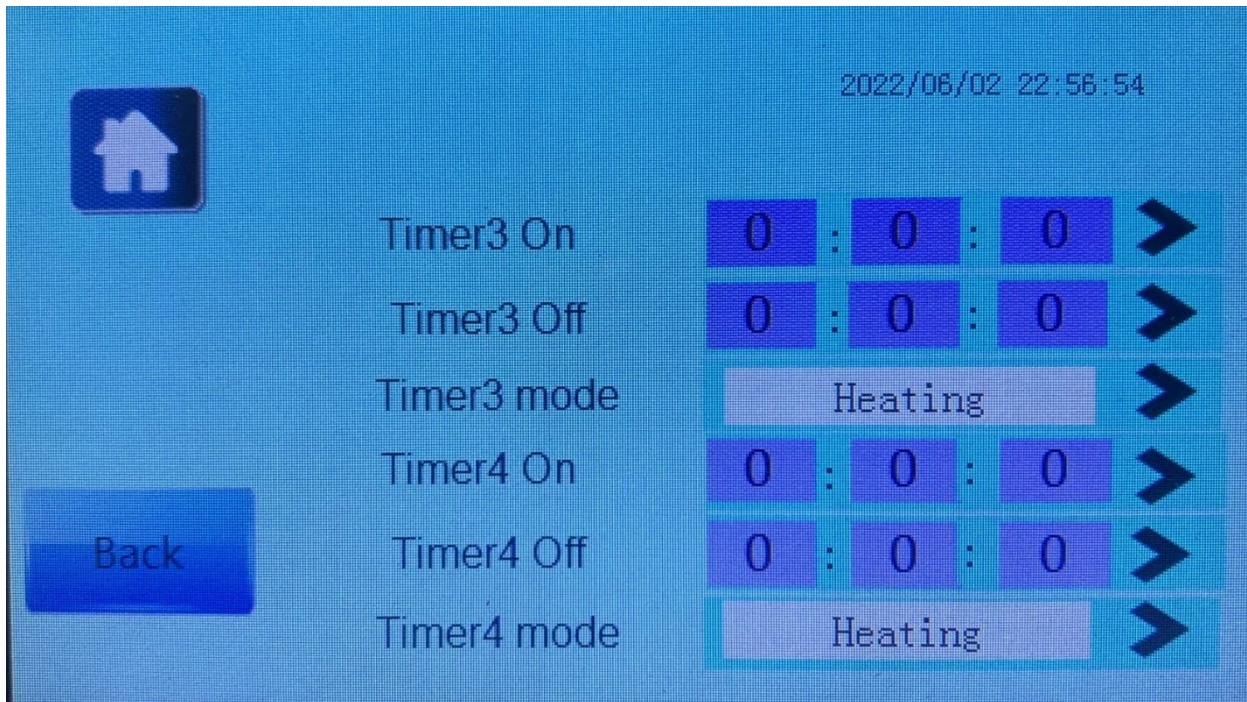
Click “**Timer**” button, you can set the heat pump to turn on and off times, you can select different working modes for different time periods. There are total 4 periods, (8 points), in the timer setting.



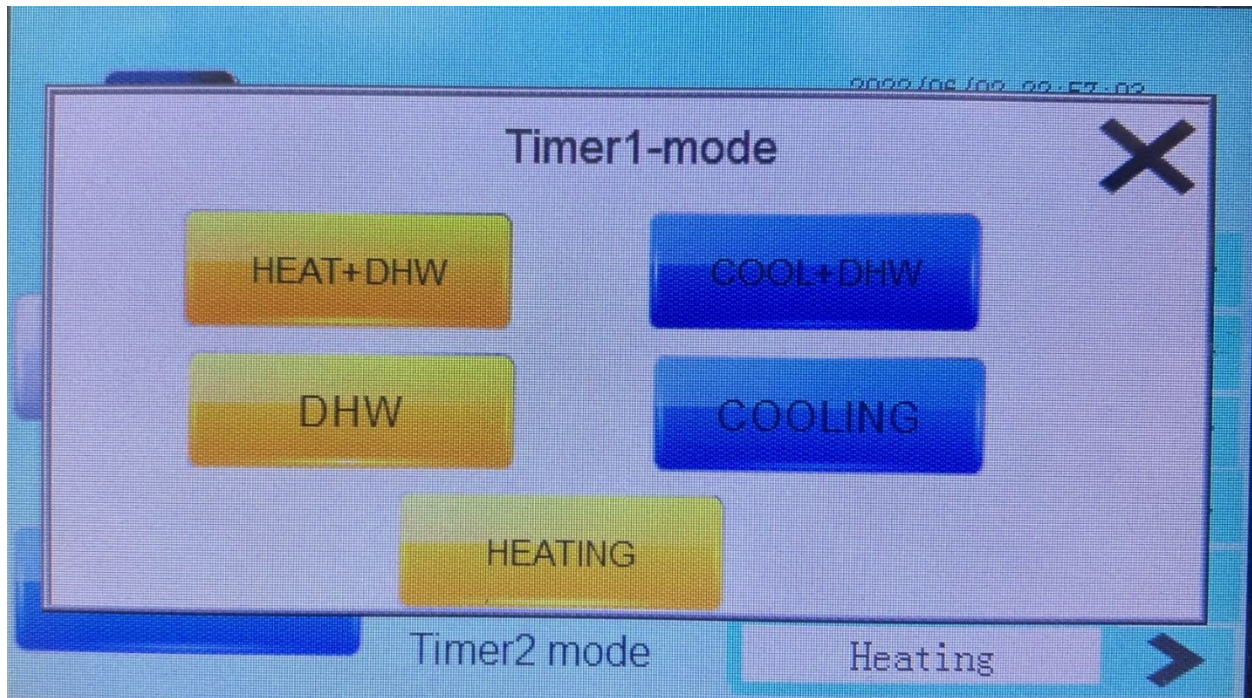
Press Timer to access the timer functions



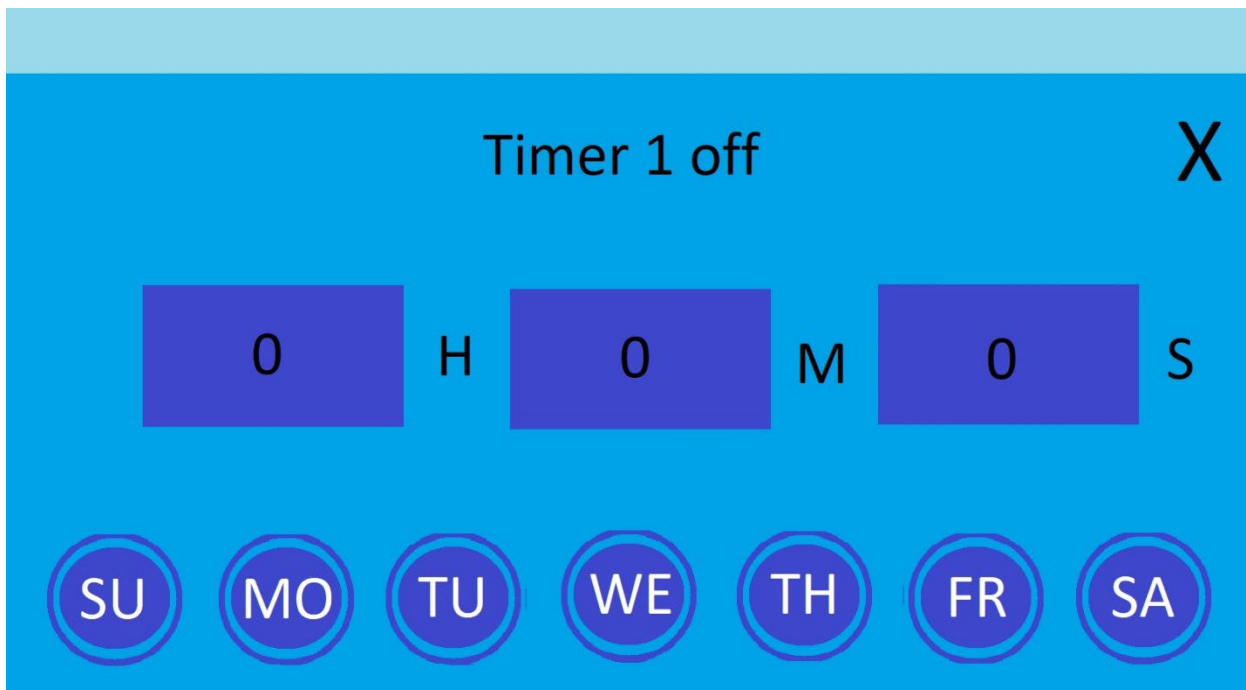
Timers 1 and 2 set to Heating Mode with no times set



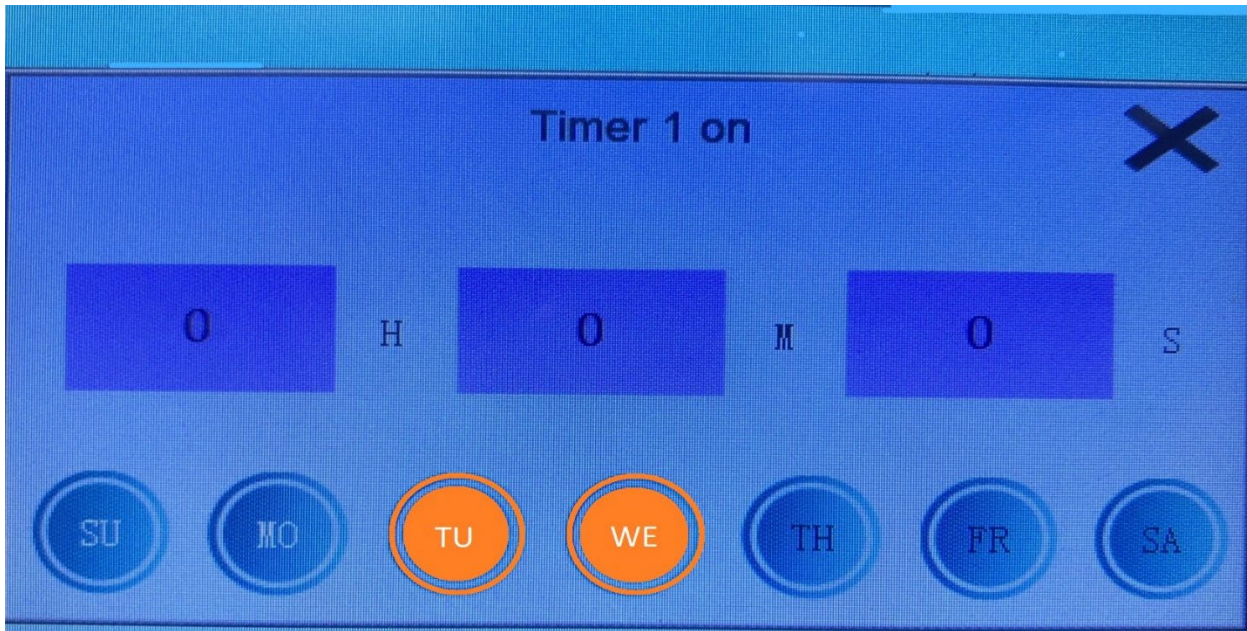
Timers 3 and 4 set to Heating mode with no times set



Setting the mode for timer 1, same menu for timers 1-4



Timer 1 turned off, timers 1-4 use the same menu



Timer 1 Start time and Days of the week selected (TU and WE), timers 1-4 use the same menu

Administrator Functions

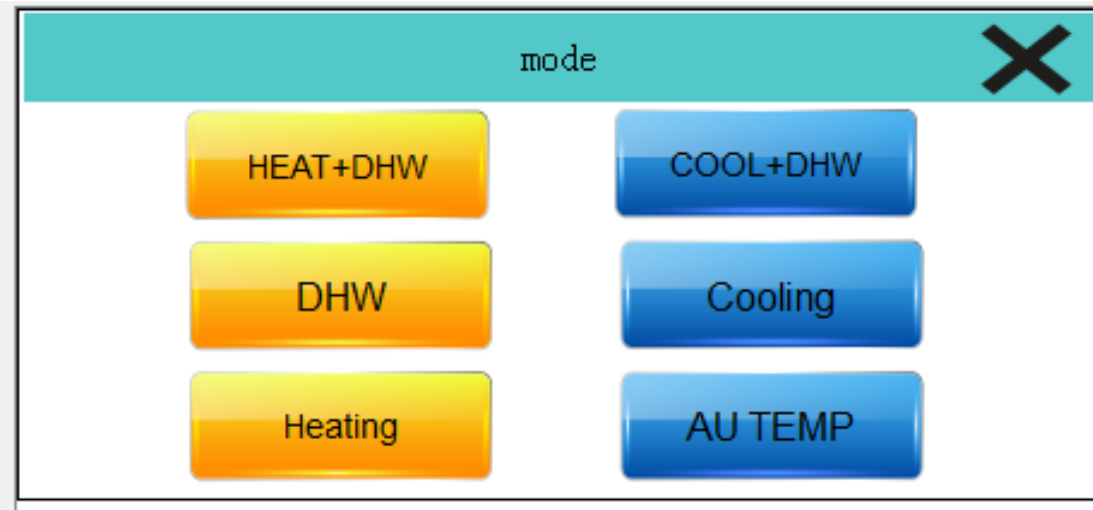
Click **“Administrator”** button, you need to enter the password **“2222”** to enter the **“P”** parameters setting page as shown below. Refer to **“P”** parameter section for parameter list. Example below.

| Item | Value |
|--|--------|
| P00 Power-down recovery function | 0. w ➔ |
| P01 Single/Three phase selection | 0 |
| P02 Power frequency | 0 |
| P03 Heat source selection | 0:0 ➔ |
| P04 Heating temperature control method | 0 |

1/23

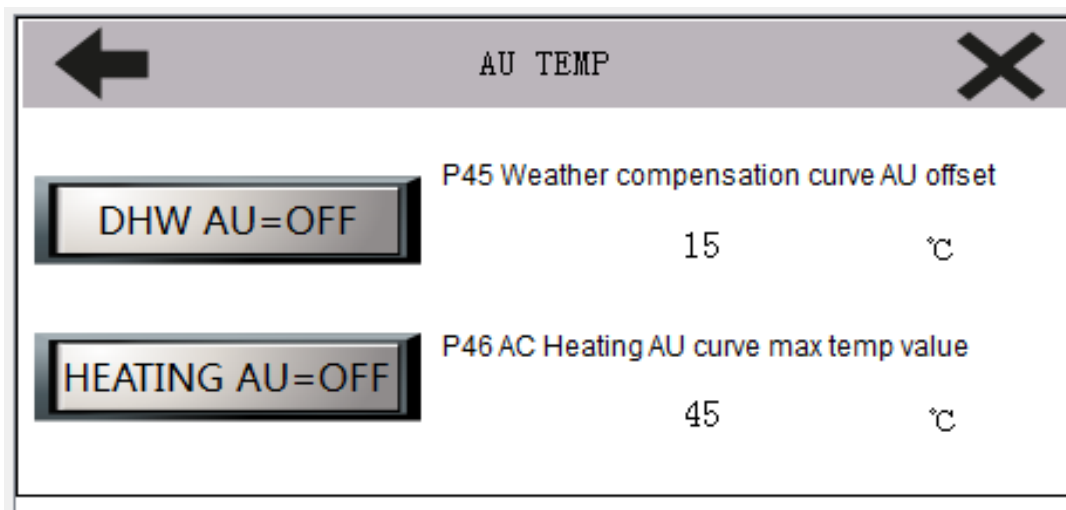
Mode

Click “Mode” at homepage, you will enter mode selection page. To select the desired mode, press the corresponding button.



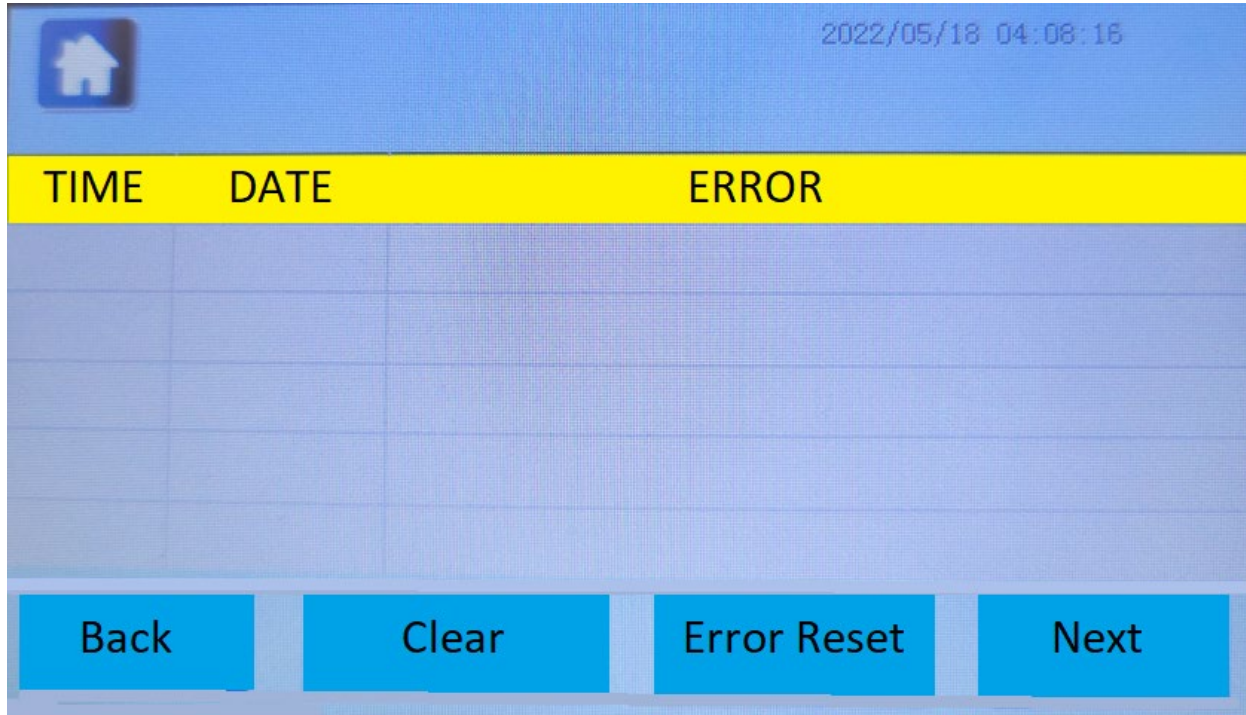
There are 5 standard modes available with DHW enabled, plus an AU Setting.

Auto Heating Target Curve Function



For HEATING AU configuration see <https://www.chiltrix.com/dynamic-heat-reset/>

Error Log

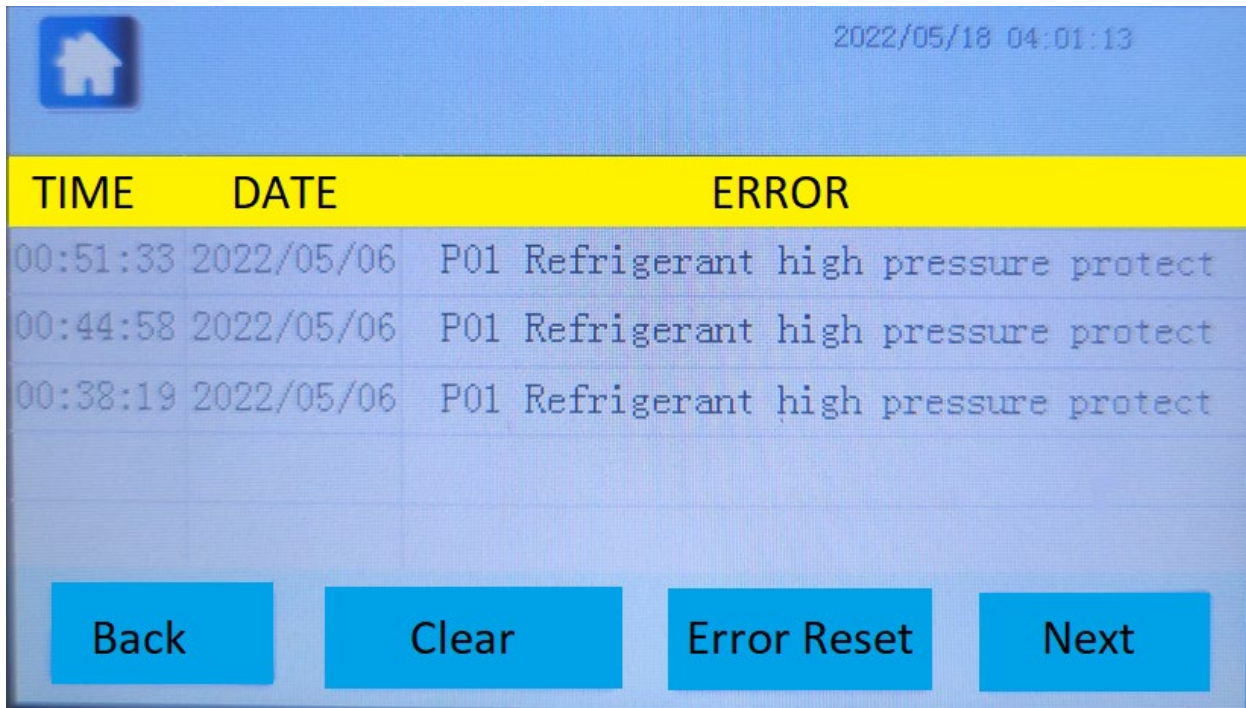


2022/05/18 04:08:16

| TIME | DATE | ERROR |
|------|------|-------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Back Clear Error Reset Next

Error Log above shown with no errors

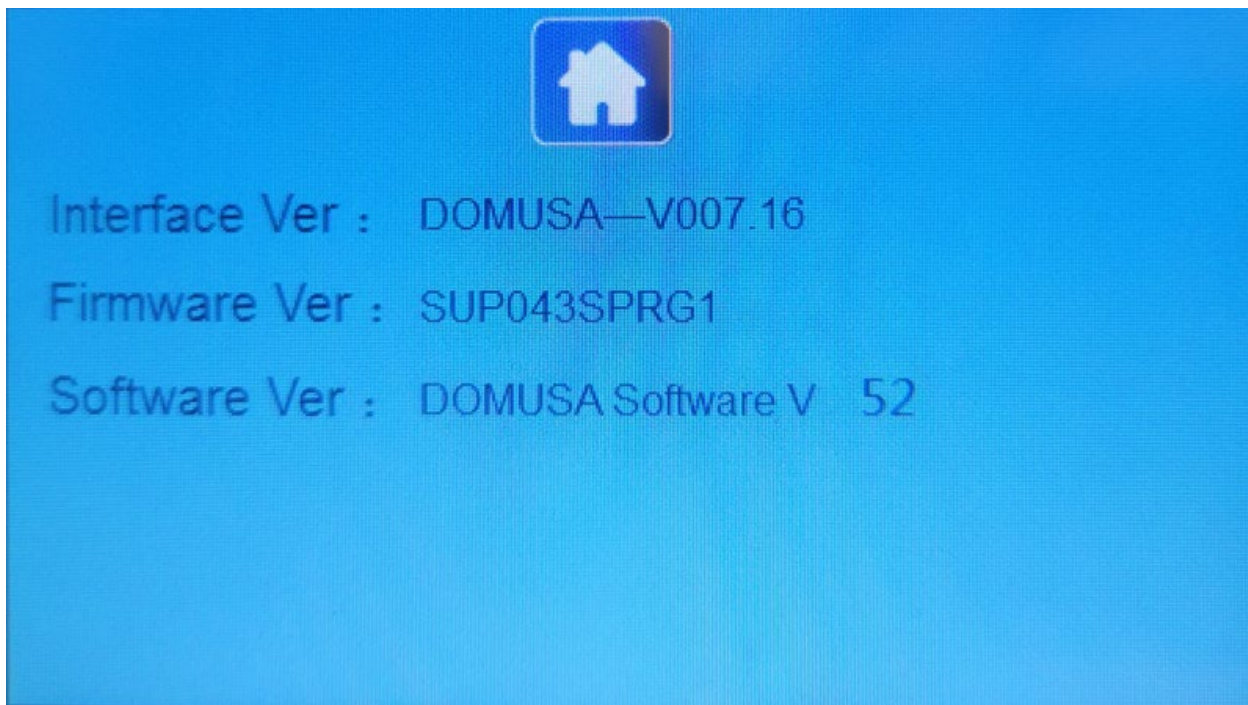


2022/05/18 04:01:13

| TIME | DATE | ERROR |
|----------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 00:51:33 | 2022/05/06 | P01 Refrigerant high pressure protect |
| 00:44:58 | 2022/05/06 | P01 Refrigerant high pressure protect |
| 00:38:19 | 2022/05/06 | P01 Refrigerant high pressure protect |
| | | |
| | | |

Back Clear Error Reset Next

Error Log above shown with sample errors



Software Versions

The following pages contain the (LCD) C-Parameters, P-Parameters, and Error Codes.

To access the C-Parameters (read only), touch the “STATUS” button from the desktop.

To access the P-Parameters touch the “SETTINGS” button from the desk top.

To access the Error Codes touch the “ERROR” button from the desktop.

Suggested/supported Settings:

Space cooling: 53F (note, this implies a leaving temperature of 44F)

Space heating: For Chiltrix supplied AHU/FCU 96F (Note this implies a 105F leaving temperature. Max recommended temp 111F (120F leaving temperature))

DHW: Max 120F

P- Parameters

| | | | |
|------|--|--|------|
| P00 | Power-down recovery function | 0 : off ; 1 : on | 1 |
| P01 | Single / three phase selection | 0 : Single-phase power supply Three-0 phase power supply | 0 |
| P02 | Power frequency | 5 : 50HZ ; 6 : 60HZ | 1 |
| P03 | Heat source selection | 0 : Geo ; 1 : Air source | 1 |
| P04 | Heating temperature control method | 0 : Method 1 : 1 : Method 2 | 0 |
| P05 | Defrost method selection | 0 : Method 1 : 1 : Method 2 | 0 |
| P06 | FREECOOLING validation | 0 : valid ; 1 : invalid | 1 |
| P07 | Frequency control method | 0 : Method 1 ; 1 : Method 2 | 0 |
| P08 | DHW validation | 0 : valid ; 1 : invalid | 1 |
| P09 | Air conditioning and heating validation | 0 : valid ; 1 : invalid | 0 |
| P10 | Air conditioning and Cooling validation | 0 : valid ; 1 : invalid | 0 |
| P11 | DHW hot water temp hysteresis | 2~15°C, minus hysteresis | 2°C |
| P12 | AC temp hysteresis | 2~15°C, minus hysteresis | 2°C |
| P15* | Comp Disabled for DHW below this ambient Temp (Note: only for software ver 108.1 and greater) | "-30-60°C" | 2°C |
| P23* | C4 PWM Pump Control Method (Note: only for software ver 108.1 and greater) | 0: Normal 1: SS Pump | 0 |
| P24 | P24 Start Au Outdoor Temp | -10~20 | 5 |
| P25 | Start Au Min_Temp | 20~45 | 20 |
| P26 | Ramp Au | 1~5 | 4 |
| P27 | Max percentage speed of compressor | 55~100% | 100% |
| P30 | fan motor Category | 0 : AC Fan ; 1 : EC Fan1 2:EC Fan2 | 1 |
| P31 | Maximum speed of the fan | 1-10 (10=100%) | 100 |
| P32 | Heating fan speed control temperature difference | 2~15°C | 4 |
| P33 | Cooling Fan speed control Temperature difference | 5~18°C | 6 |
| P34 | Defrost method | 0 : Method 1 ; 1 : Method 2 | 0 |
| P35 | defrost starting temp | -5~5°C | -1°C |
| P36 | defrost interval time multiple rate | 0 : Not defrost ; 1 ; 2 ; 3 ; 4 : (1 intervalX4) | 1 |
| P37 | The first defrost interval | 15~99minute (1st interval after 50 repower on) | 50 |
| P38 | defrost exist temp | 10~35°C | 30°C |
| P39 | Start Defrost air-coil difference | 0-40°C | 8 |
| P40 | Electric heater start delay minute | 5-30min | 10 |
| P41 | SSR Ramp Up rate | 1-20min | 5 |
| P42* | Automatic heating temperature (Note: software ver 108.1 and lower default to 0) | 0-18°C | 15 |

P-Parameters

| | | | |
|------|--|--|---------------------|
| P43* | Automatic cooling temperature (Note: software ver 108.1 and lower default to 0) | 0-28°C | 23 |
| P45 | Allowed defrost coil temperature | -20~5°C | -4 |
| P47 | hot water frequency limitation | 4~10= max frequency 40~100% | 10 |
| P48 | AC heating AU mode highest temp | 30~50°C | 45°C |
| P49 | AC Heating AU mode offset temperature | -10~10°C | 0°C |
| P50 | solenoid valve function parameters | 0 : G3 is seasonal valve ; 1 : G3is solar valve ; | 0 |
| P51 | C4 Water pump type selection | 0 : AC Water pump ; 1 : EC Water pump | 1 |
| P52 | water pump working mode | 0(Not stop)、 1.stop after reach target temp、 2 (start 1 minute after each stop 15 minutes) | 0 |
| P53 | EC Water pump C4 Minimum speed | 20-80% | 4 |
| P54 | C5 Water pump type selection | 0 : AC Water pump ; 1:EC water pump | 0 |
| P55 | DHW e-heater activated ambient temp | "-20~50°C" | 0°C |
| P56* | Electric heating function (Note: only software ver 108.1 and greater allow for setting "2") | 0 : Electric heater ; 1 : second heat source; 2: No Backup heating | 0 |
| P57 | AC e-heater activated ambient temp | -20~20°C | 0°C |
| P58* | Ambient temp to disable comp (Note: ONLY software ver 108.1 and greater will allow you to do this.) | -30~15°C | -15°C |
| P59 | AC anti-freezing temperature | -15~5°C | 3°C |
| P60 | Virus killing interval days | 7~99 day | 7day |
| P61 | Start virus killing time | 1~24 hour | 1 |
| P62 | Virus killing holding time | 5~360 Min | 10 |
| P63 | Target temperature of virus killing | 55~80°C | 65°C |
| P64 | AC water flow switch type selection | 0 : Normal Water flow switch ; 1 : 1 Water flow volume meter sensor 2:DN50 water flow sensor 3: New flow sensor SEN-HZG1WA | 1 |
| P65 | AC minimum water flow | 3-80L/m | cx35: 8 cx50: 14 |
| P66 | Water source Water flow switch type selection | 0 : Normal Water flow switch ; 1 : 0 Water flow volume meter switch | 0 |
| P67 | The lowest water flow of water source | 3-80L/m | 20 |
| P68 | air source heat pump FREECOOLING function start ambient temp | -16~20°C | 5°C |
| P69 | Air source FREECOOLING function additional Temperature difference to start full free cooling.(compressor stop) | 3~15°C | 5°C |
| P71 | Cooling Maximum set temperature | 15~35°C | 25°C |
| P72 | Heating maximum set temperature | 25~55°C | 55°C |
| P73 | DHW The highest set temperature | 25~60°C | 60°C |
| P74 | Debugging fixed operating frequency | 10~100 HZ | 50HZ |
| P75 | run setting frequency | 0 : Manual frequency ; 1 : Auto frequency | 1 |
| P76 | EEV manually open degree (heating) | 70~480 | 200 |

P-Parameters

| | | | |
|-------|--|--|---------------|
| P77 | EEV manually open degree (cooling) | 70~480 | 250 |
| P78 | EEV control mode | 0—No ; 1—tabel list ; 2—manually ; 3—automatically | |
| P79 | target overheat degree (heating) | -5~10°C | -1°C |
| P80 | target overheat degree (cooling) | -5~10°C | 2°C |
| P81 | night mode validation | 0 (not start) 、 1 (start) | 0 |
| P82 | night mode starting point | 0-23 (for relative time) | 22 |
| P83 | night mode ending point | 0-23 (for relative time) | 6 |
| P88 | Model selection | 0~255 | 4 |
| P94 | Whether to use high and low pressure transmitter | 0 Disabled; 1 Used | 0 |
| P95 | temperature difference to control C4 water pump speed | 2~8 | 5 |
| P96 | EEV min open degree | | 70 |
| P97 | Forced sterilization | 0,normal;1,forced;(Automatic recovery of 0 after execution) | 0 |
| P98 | System parameter recovery | 0 normal; 1 Recovery (automatically reset 0 after one execution) | 0 |
| P99 | Compressor manufacturer 2 | | 101 |
| P100 | Virus killing function validation | P100=0 Invaidd; 1 valid | 0 |
| P101 | EEV Max manual open | 300-500 default:430 | 480 |
| P102 | Defrosting EEV manual open | | 350 |
| P103 | AC electric heater Power W | 0-99999w default:5500 | 5500 |
| P104* | C or F degree (Note: only software version 108.1 and greater default to F) | 0:C degree; 1:F degree | 1: F |
| P105 | Heat recovery function validation | 0:Invalid; 1:valid | |
| P106 | AC heater rated voltage | 0-500V | 220 |
| P107 | AC heater transfer coefficient | 100-600WF | 500 |
| P108 | AC Voltage compensation | | 0 |
| P109 | Cooling Inlet Target temp range | P109=0:10~25C. P109=1:5~25C(Must use glycol no frozen at -10C). | 0 |
| P110 | AC heating minimum frequency | 30~50hz | 30hz |
| P111 | DIN6 DIN7 switch | | Disable |
| P112* | AU-Mode enable bit (Note: only software ver 108.1 and greater have two buttons for cooling and heating) | Cooling Disabled:Heating Disabled | Both Disabled |

C Parameters

| | | |
|-----|--|--|
| C00 | Coil Temp | -30~97°C |
| C01 | compressor discharge temp | -30~128°C |
| C02 | ambient temp | -30~97°C |
| C03 | Suction temperature | -30~97°C |
| C04 | Plate heat exchanger inlet temperature | -30~97°C |
| C05 | AC outlet water temp | -30~97°C |
| C06 | Solar temperature | -30~97°C |
| C09 | Compressor current value(Tested by main PCB) | 0.00~30.00A(show P4 if C09>16A) |
| C13 | Usage side water flow volume | 0~100L/m |
| C14 | P03 Status | 1 Air source ; 0 Ground Source |
| C15 | P04 Status | AC heating temp control method |
| C16 | P05 Status | Defrost method |
| C17 | P06 Status | Free cooling:0 valid, 1,invalid |
| C18 | P07 Status | Frequency method |
| C19 | P08 Status | 0 DHW valid ; 1 DHW invalid |
| C20 | P09 Status | AC heating valid ; 0: valid 1: invalid |
| C21 | P10 Status | 0 Cooling valid ; ; 1 Cooling invalid |
| C22 | high pressure switch status | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C23 | low pressure switch status | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C24 | second high pressure switch status | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C25 | inner water flow switch | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C27 | Compressor Frequency | Show actual frequency |
| C28 | overheat switch status | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C29 | outdoor fan motor | 1 (on) ; 0 (off) |
| C30 | electrical valve 1 | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C31 | electrical valve 2 | 1 : run ; 0 : sttop |
| C32 | electrical valve 3 | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C33 | electrical valve 4 | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C34 | C4water pump | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C35 | C5water pump | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C36 | C6water pump | 1 : run ; 0 : stop |
| C37 | The accumulative days after last virus killing | 0-99 (from the last complete sterilization to the present cumulative number of days) |
| C38 | outdoor modular temp | -30~97°C |
| C39 | Expansion valve 1 opening degree | 0~500 |
| C40 | Expansion valve 2 opening degree | 0~500 |
| C41 | inner pipe temp display | -30~97°C |

| | | |
|-----|--|--|
| C42 | Heating Method 2 target temperature | -30~97°C |
| C43 | Running returning lubrication oil function. | 1 : On ; 0 : Off |
| C44 | fan type | 0 : AC fan ; 1 : EC fan |
| C45 | EC fan motor 1 speed | 0~3000 |
| C46 | EC fan motor 2 speed | 0~3000 |
| C47 | water pump types | 0 : AC WATER PUMP ; 1 : EC WATER PUMP |
| C48 | water pump1 speed | 1~10 (10 means 100%) |
| C49 | water pump2 speed | 1~10 (10 means 100%) |
| C50 | Inductor AC Current value | 0~50A |
| C51 | Driver working status value | Hexadecimal values |
| C52 | Compressor shut down Code | Hexadecimal values |
| C53 | Driver allowed highest frequency | 30-120Hz |
| C54 | Reduce frequency temperature setting | 55~200°C |
| C55 | input AC Voltage value | 0~550V |
| C56 | input AC current value | 0~50A (IPM Check, if C56>18A, show F5) |
| C57 | Compressor phase current value(Compressor U,V,W wire DC current) | 0~50A (IPM Check, show F4 on error) |
| C58 | Bus line voltage | 0~750V |
| C59 | Fan shutdown Code | Hexadecimal values |
| C60 | IPM temp | 55~200°C |
| C61 | Compressor total running time | 0~65000 hour |
| C62 | E-heater Compensation power | 0~65000W |
| C63 | din6 AC heating mode switch | 0=OPEN; 1=CLOSE. |
| C64 | din7 AC cooling mode switch | 0=OPEN; 1=CLOSE. |



| | | |
|----|--|-----|
| 1 | Compressor discharge high temp protection | E1 |
| 2 | Outdoor air temp sensor error | E2 |
| 3 | Outer coil pipe temp sensor error | E3 |
| 4 | Pipe returned gas sensor error | E4 |
| 5 | indoor refrigerant pipe temp sensor error | E5 |
| 6 | Coil high temp protection | E6 |
| 7 | solar water temp sensor error | E7 |
| 8 | AC inlet water temp sensor error | E8 |
| 9 | AC outlet water temp sensor error | E9 |
| 10 | DHW temp sensor error | E10 |
| 11 | Indoor ambient sensor error | E11 |
| 12 | water source inlet water temp sensor error | E12 |
| 13 | water source outlet temp sensor | E13 |
| 14 | system anti freeze twice | E14 |
| 15 | DHW anti freeze twice | E15 |
| | | |
| 16 | discharge Probe error | E16 |
| 17 | high pressure protection | P1 |
| 18 | low pressure protection | P2 |
| 19 | compressor overheat protection | P3 |
| 20 | over current protection | P4 |
| 21 | indoor unit water flow error | P5 |
| 22 | outdoor water flow error | P6 |
| 23 | miss phase | P7 |
| 24 | wrong phase | P8 |
| 25 | communication error | P9 |
| 26 | water source anti freeze | P10 |
| 27 | water source water flow not enough | P11 |

Error Codes

| | | |
|----|---|------------|
| 28 | voltage protection | F1 |
| 29 | IPM Fault | F2 |
| 30 | Compressor Drive Fault | F3 |
| 31 | Compressor over current protection 1(DC current on U,V,W wire of compressor pins,checked by IPM) | F4 |
| 32 | | |
| 33 | IPM Overheat | F6 |
| 34 | PFC Fault | F7 |
| 35 | DC bus overvoltage | F8 |
| 36 | DC bus undervoltage | F9 |
| 37 | AC input over or under voltage | F10 |
| 38 | AC input current protection(AC current of compressor+fan motor+water pump, checked by IPM) | F11 |
| 39 | Temperature sensor Fault | F12 |
| 40 | DSP and mainboard communication Fault | F13 |
| 41 | Control board and inverter communication fault | P13 |
| 42 | Inlet and Outlet water temp difference is too big | P14 |
| 43 | AC system antifreeze twice | E17 |
| 44 | | |
| 45 | | |
| 46 | Control panel parameters are not initialized | P12 |
| 47 | | |
| 48 | EC fan 1 Fault | F14 |
| 49 | EC fan 2 Fault | F15 |
| 50 | Heat recovery warning | P12 |

Dynamic Outdoor Reset Control (AU of HEAT)

The Chiltrix heat pump unit is equipped with an automatic outdoor reset function that can be accessed via the onboard controller.

Advantages & Misconceptions of Using Outdoor Reset

Most people in the radiant heating industry will tell you that outdoor reset is used to get more BTU delivery from the radiant system on a day when the radiant system can't deliver enough BTUs to keep up with the load, and they use outdoor reset to crank up the radiant heat operating temperature to 120F, or higher. While that's true, it's also true that the best designed air to water radiant systems will be able to deliver what's needed at a fairly low temperature even with severe outdoor design conditions.

So if you can't get enough radiant capacity into the floor, then if possible, add some to the walls or ceiling. Note that radiant heat works just as well from the ceiling or walls as it does from a floor. And in some cases, it works better from the ceiling.

Why does keeping the operating temperature low matter so much?

With a fossil fuel burning boiler, it doesn't matter. Gas, propane, and oil efficiency does not vary with outdoor temperature. But that's not the case with a heat pump.

Here's why:

$$W = \frac{Q_1}{COP_p} = \frac{Q_1(T_1 - T_2)}{\eta_{mech} T_1}$$

For a real-world example, at 0F outdoor temperature, an air to water heat pump such as the cx35 will have >20% higher capacity when used with an operating temperature of 95F compared to operating at 122F. And COP at 95F will be >30% higher at 95F than at 122F.

So why use outdoor reset?

You can use reset when it is simply not possible to design the indoor side of a system to handle the peak BTU load using a low operating temperature. **But the best use of reset is as a strategy for extra energy savings**, by designing the indoor side of the system to handle the peak load at the lowest possible operating temperature, **and then letting the system automatically reset to an even lower and even more efficient temperature at times when weather is milder!**

How to Use Chiltrix Dynamic Outdoor Reset Control (AU of Heat)

Use With or Without V18-B Backup Heat

Use the free Excel curve development worksheet tool to create the proper curve and discover correct parameter settings for P48 and P49. The tool is located at <https://www.chiltrix.com/dynamic-heat-reset> Make sure to select the correct tool for your model.

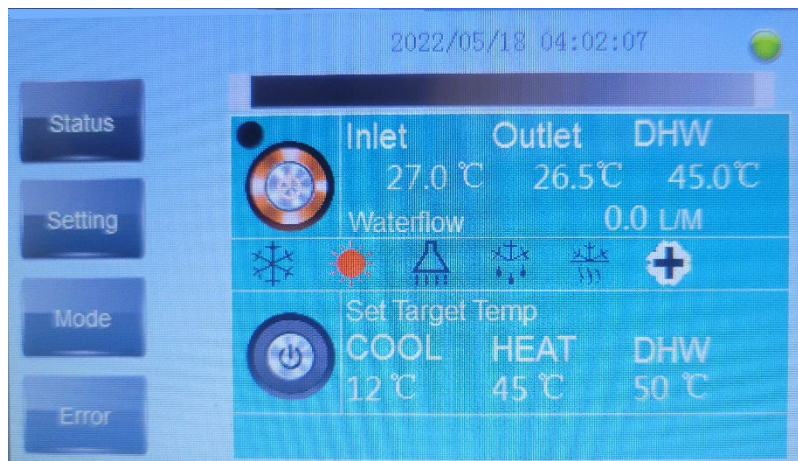
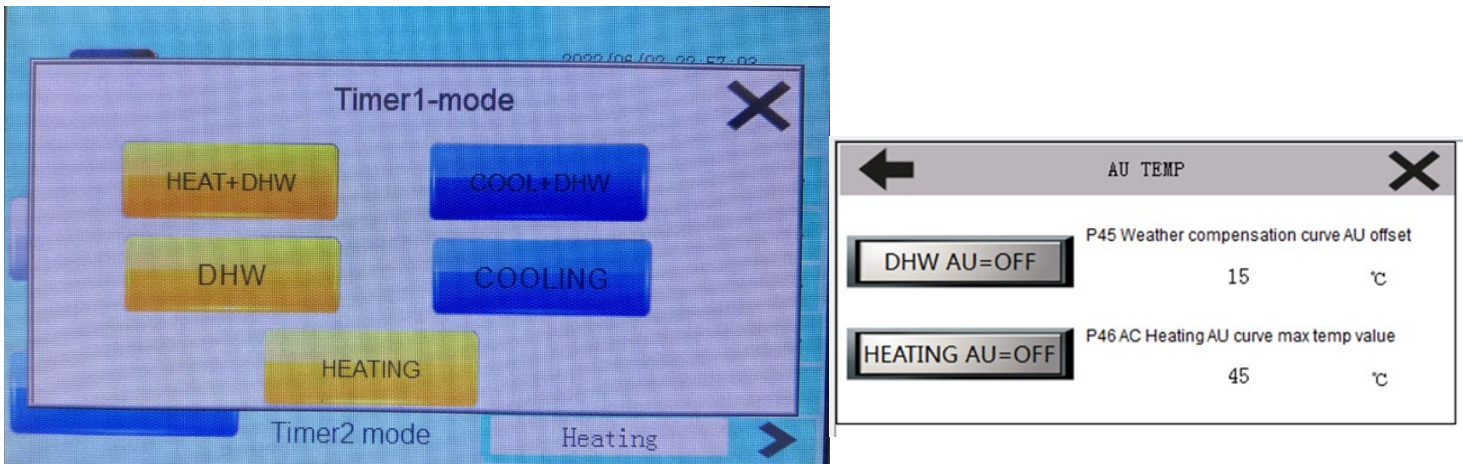
Set parameter P48 and P49 in cx35 controller according to the values used in your curve worksheet.

There is an "AU TEMP" icon inside of the mode section of the main screen of the controller. If you press on it then you will enter the AU TEMP mode screen. You will need to enable "HEATING AU" to ON. With AU Heating on, it will be displayed as an orange/red color.

From there you can adjust the "weather compensation curve AU offset" and the "AC Heating AU curve max temp value". The "AU" will also be illuminated on the main screen around the heat mode.

Enable AU of heat mode as shown below.

DO NOT USE DHW AU



How to Use Automatic Switch-Over

This is an on-board function and does not require a separate add-on controller to operate. This function allows the cx to automatically select its mode, either heating, cooling, or standby (off), according to outdoor temperature. This can be particularly useful for example, if a single cx35 is shared by two different tenants, allowing the property manager to (automatically) select the mode according to the actual outdoor weather conditions.

There is a minimum of 4C (7.2F) deadband built-in so as to limit daily switching. A suggested setting would be to run in heating mode when outdoor temperature is 60F or below, use cooling when outdoor temperature is 69F or above, and between 60-69 the system will be in standby (off) mode.

If your cx35 unit is used with a Psychrologix controller, please make sure the Psychrologix auto-switchover function is disabled and only use the on-board automatic switchover function. Or, vice-versa. Only one method of external control can be used on the same system. Likewise, this function cannot be used on either controller if you are using C-H-COM remote relay mode control.

To use this function, follow these 6 steps:

1. Make sure that C-H-Com are NOT being used. The jumpers that are supplied should remain in place as shown on page 28
2. You must enable P112.
3. Note that P42 and P43 temperatures are in C not F.
4. The settings P42 and P43 must be at least 4C different between each other.
5. Result: If outdoor air drops below P42 the system will switch to heating.
6. If outdoor temperature rises above P43 the system will switch to cooling.
7. P112 must be enabled on both heating and cooling to operate auto switch over.

Commissioning “To Be Performed In Heating Mode Only”
An as-built design will need to be provided to Chiltrix by email before the commissioning call.

For Commissioning please arrange a commissioning call with Chiltrix Support Dept. +1 757-410-8640 Ext. 112

PLEASE MAKE SURE TO CALL CHILTRIX BEFORE COMMISSIONING

Preparation

After finishing the installation tasks, please check the items below:

1. Check the Wired Controller P Parameters for the most updated settings.
2. Check that the power cable is securely connected and the screws are tight.
3. Is the display lit on the wired controller after the power is applied?
4. Verify that all the shut off valves and manual valves are open. Insulate all water supply and return pipes.
5. Test only in **heating mode** to verify proper water flow.

Water or Glycol Filling (See page 28) A 10% minimum glycol mixture is suggested to protect the unit from freezing and provide corrosion inhibition. Refer to the chart on page 10.

1. With a hose and filling pump connected to the cx35 water system, and all air exhaust valves open in the water system, fill the water loop with water and glycol mixture. Keep the air exhaust valves open until there is a continuous flow of water and glycol mixture coming out of the air exhaust valve. Then close the air exhaust valves. See page 30 and 31 for more details.
2. Discharge the air from both domestic hot water system and air conditioning water system. CXI fan coils have a bleeder valve located near the inlet and outlet ports. The cx35 has a bleeder tube attached to the Brazed plate heat exchanger.

To avoid freezing the heat pump when the air temperature drops below 32F in winter, you must use an appropriate glycol and water mixture just in case the electricity is cut off. We recommend biodegradable non-toxic HSE Corn Glycol, any Propylene Glycol (PG) can be used.

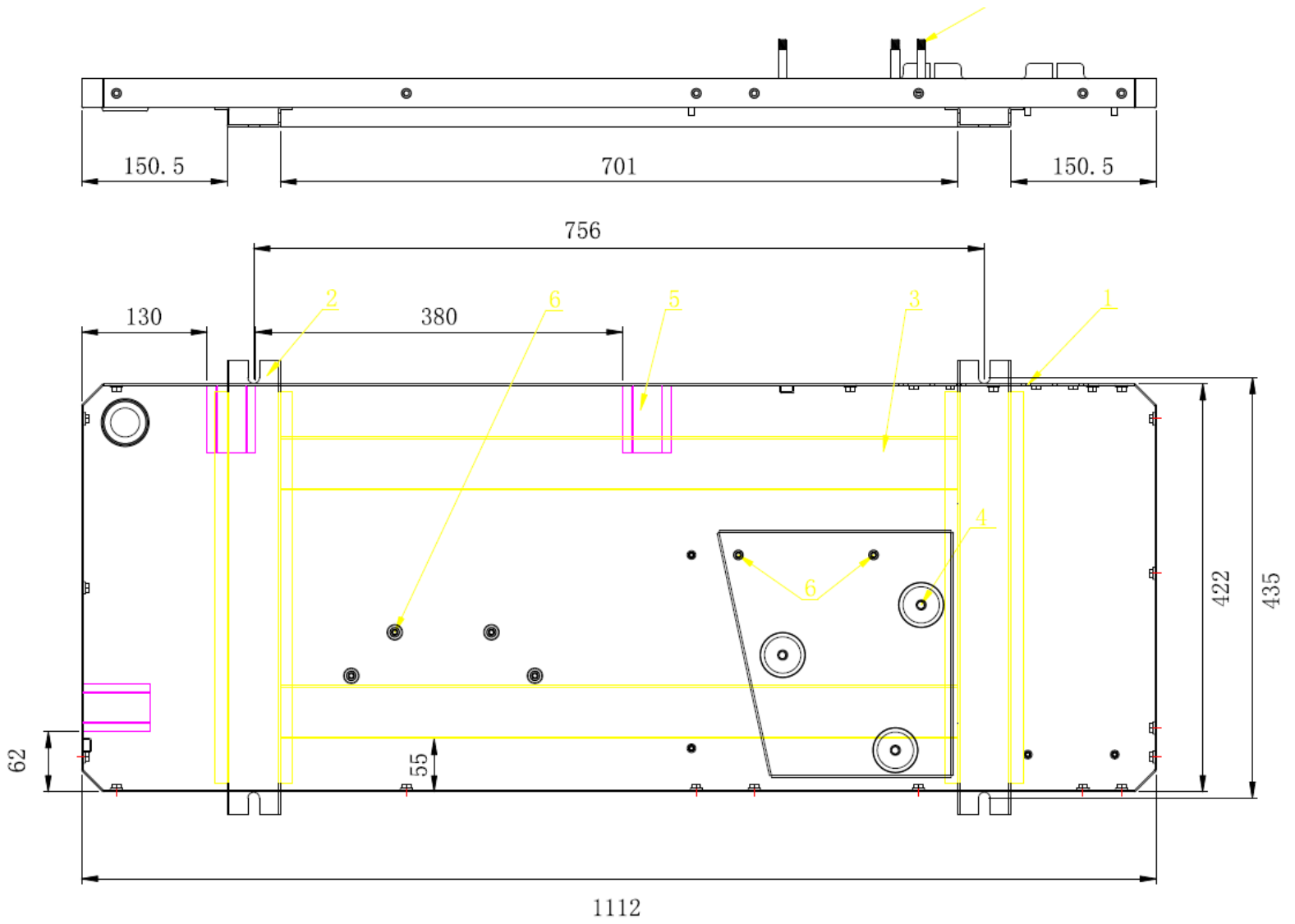
Running a Test- Call tech support if this is your first time commissioning a cx35.

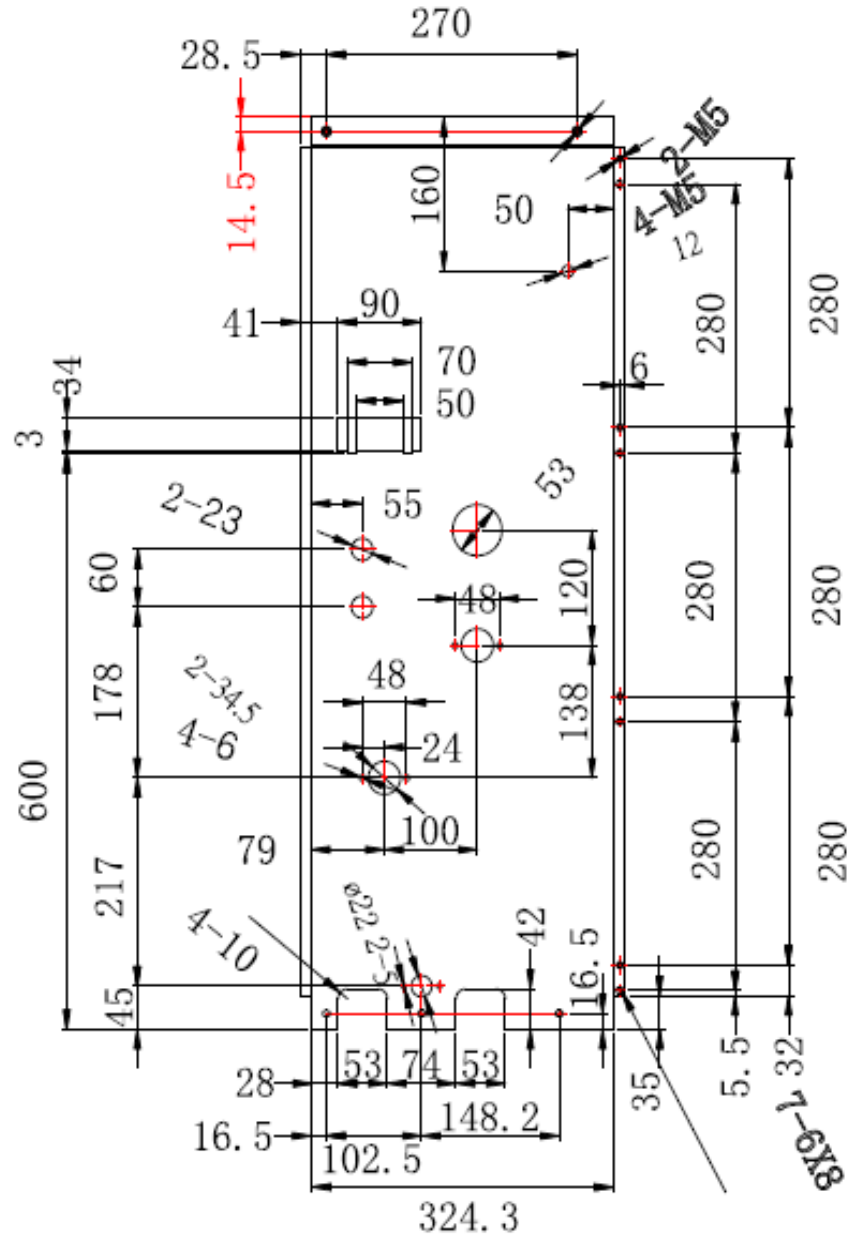
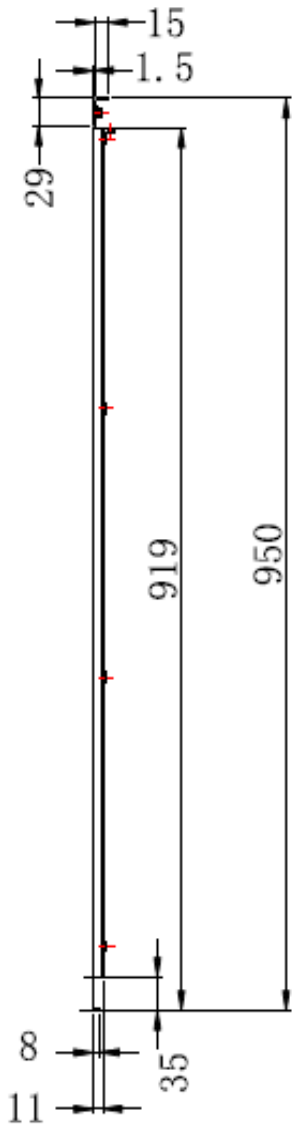
Apply power to the cx35 and select **heating mode** using the wired controller. If there is not enough flow in the system or air in the lines and you will get P5 and possibly P1 errors. Call tech support if any error codes are displayed on the wired controller.

Chiltrix Tech Support hours of operation, M-F, 9 am-6 pm EST, 757-410-8640 ask for tech support.

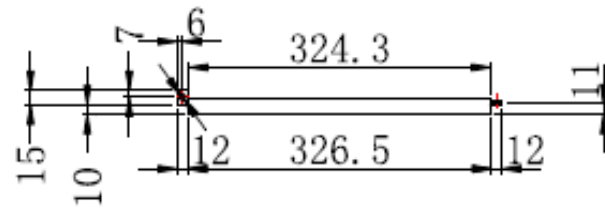
MOST IMPORTANT!

1. Always maintain an electrical connection with heat pump to enable the antifreeze function. 2. Initial test should be done in **heating mode**. Make sure it is not in cooling mode during first operation or running a test, until you make sure the circulation pump is working properly and water is flowing properly. Failure to do so will likely damage the heat exchanger and not be covered under warranty.





M5



Extending Wires

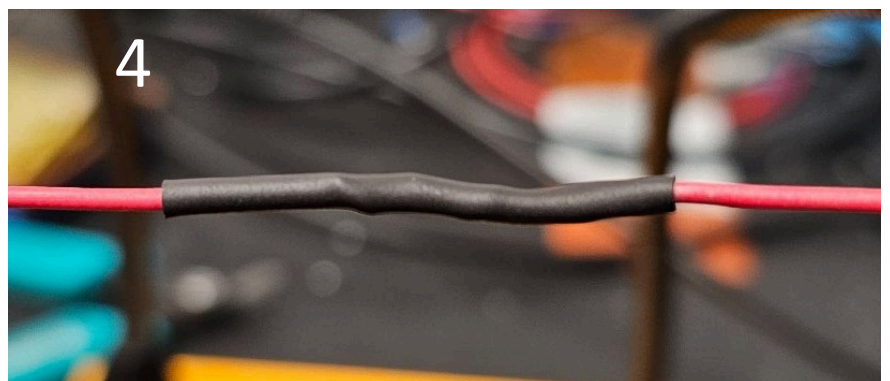
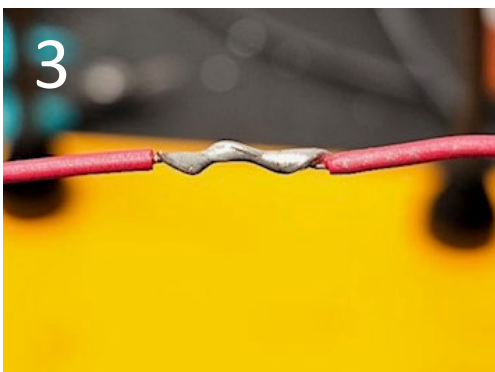
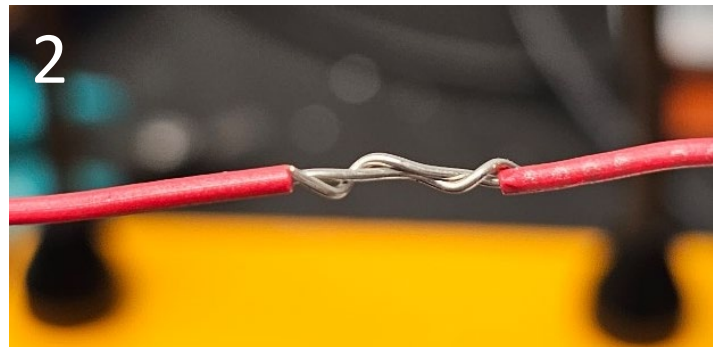
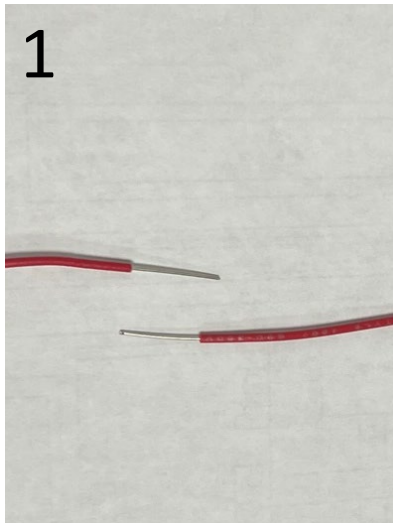
If you need to extend any of the sensor wires, control wires, MODBUS wires, please follow the instructions below as the wires are very sensitive to resistance and EMF.

Cut and strip the wire ends (1) that you wish to extend.

Twist the wires together (2) and then solder the wires (3) to create a good connection. Then cover the exposed solder and wire with heat shrink (4) and make sure you have a solid connection.

DO NOT use crimp style butt connectors, the small gauge wire tends to get cut when you crimp down on the connector.

For extending Psychrologix cable, make sure to follow the twisted pair twist pattern.



DO NOT Run the modbus, temp sensor, dhw sensor, controller wires, or any logger wires in the same conduit as high voltage wires (120VAC or more). This will impede the accuracy and will cause communication problems. AVOID PASSING CONTROL WIRES NEAR ANY MOTORS OR INDUCTIVE LOADS OR DEVICES THAT EMIT EMF

Some Grundfos pumps will ship with a power cable already attached. Some models you will need to run your own power wire. Wire from the chiller terminal block to the pump should be at least 20 Gauge or larger. The pump draws very low amps. You should also install ferrule crimps on the pump side wires and fork or eyelet connectors on the terminal block side.

Below is a schematic of how to run the power wires from the outdoor logic board to the pump. You will also need to run the control wires as stated earlier. Gnd is common to the ground coming into the unit and chassis ground.

